#### The Department of Health proposes to make the following amendments to 7.34.4 NMAC.

#### **7.34.4.7 DEFINITIONS:**

- **A.** "Act" means the Lynn and Erin Compassionate Use Act, NMSA 1978, Sections 26-2B-1 through 26-2B-7.
- **B.** "Adequate supply" means an amount of cannabis, derived solely from an intrastate source and in a form approved by the department, that is possessed by a qualified patient or collectively possessed by a qualified patient and the qualified patient's primary caregiver, that is determined by the department to be no more than reasonably necessary to ensure the uninterrupted availability of cannabis for a period of three months or 90 consecutive calendar days.
- **C.** "Administrative review committee" means an intra-department committee that reviews qualified patient or primary caregiver application denials, licensed producer denials made by the program manager, or the summary suspension of a producer's license, in accordance with department rules. The administrative review committee shall consist of the chief medical officer of the department (or that's person's designee); a deputy secretary of the department (or that person's designee), and the chief nursing officer of the department (or that person's designee).
- **D.** "Administrative withdrawal" means the procedure for the voluntary withdrawal of a qualified patient or primary caregiver from the medical cannabis program.
- **E.** "Advisory board" means the medical cannabis advisory board consisting of [eight] nine practitioners [representing the fields of neurology, pain management, medical oncology, psychiatry, infectious disease, family medicine, and gynecology] knowledgeable about the medical use of cannabis, who are appointed by the secretary.
- **F.** "**Applicant**" means any person applying for enrollment or re-enrollment in the medical cannabis program as a qualified patient, primary caregiver, or licensed producer.
- G. "Approved laboratory" means a [laboratory] licensed cannabis testing facility as defined in the Lynn and Erin Compassionate Use Act, NMSA 1978, § 26-2B-3(I) that has been approved by the department specifically for the testing of cannabis, concentrates, and cannabis derived products.
- **H.** "Batch" means, with regard to usable cannabis, a homogenous, identified quantity of cannabis no greater than five pounds that is harvested during a specified time period from a specified cultivation area, and with regard to concentrated and cannabis-derived product, means an identified quantity that is uniform, that is intended to meet specifications for identity, strength, and composition, and that is manufactured, packaged, and labeled during a specified time period according to a single manufacturing, packaging, and labeling protocol.
- I. "Cannabidiol ("CBD")" is a cannabinoid and the primary non-psychoactive ingredient found in cannabis.
- J. "Cannabis" means [all parts of the plant, cannabis sativa, and cannabis indica, whether growing or not and the resin extracted from any part of the plant] all parts of the plant Cannabis sativa L. containing a delta-9-tetrahydrocannabinol concentration of more than three-tenths percent on a dry weight basis, whether growing or not; the seeds of the plant; the resin extracted from any part of the plant; and every compound, manufacture, salt, derivative, mixture or preparation of the plant, its seeds or its resin; and (2) does not include the mature stalks of the plant; fiber produced from the stalks; oil or cake made from the seeds of the plant; any other compound, manufacture, salt, derivative, mixture or preparation of the mature stalks, fiber, oil or cake; the sterilized seed of the plant that is incapable of germination; the weight of any other ingredient combined with cannabis to prepare topical or oral administrations, food, drink or another product; or hemp.
- **K.** "Cannabis-derived product" means a product, other than cannabis itself, which contains or is derived from cannabis, not including hemp.
- L. "Concentrated cannabis-derived product ("concentrate")" means a cannabis-derived product that is manufactured by a mechanical or chemical process that separates any cannabinoid from the cannabis plant, and that contains (or that is intended to contain at the time of sale or distribution) no less than thirty-percent (30%) THC by weight.
- **M.** "Courier" means a person or entity that transports usable cannabis within the state of New Mexico from a licensed non-profit producer to a qualified patient or primary caregiver, to another non-profit producer, to an approved laboratory, or to an approved manufacturer.
  - N. "Debilitating medical condition" means:
    - (1) cancer;
    - (2) glaucoma;

	(3)	multiple sclerosis;
	<b>(4)</b>	damage to the nervous tissue of the spinal cord, with objective neurological indication of
intractable spa	asticity;	
	(5)	epilepsy;
	(6)	positive status for human immunodeficiency virus or acquired immune deficiency
syndrome;		
•	<b>(7)</b>	admission into hospice care in accordance with rules promulgated by the department; [or]
	(8)	amyotrophic lateral sclerosis;
	(9)	Crohn's disease;
	(10)	hepatitis C infection;
	(11)	Huntington's disease;
•	(12)	inclusion body myositis;
	(13)	inflammatory autoimmune-mediated arthritis;
	(14)	intractable nausea or vomiting;
	(15)	obstructive sleep apnea;
	(16)	painful peripheral neuropathy;
	(17)	Parkinson's disease;
	(18)	posttraumatic stress disorder;
	(19)	severe chronic pain;
	(20)	severe anorexia or cachexia;
	(21)	spasmodic torticollis;
	(22)	ulcerative colitis; or
	(22)[(9	Polary other modical condition, modical treatment or disease or amount by the department

(23)[(8)] any other medical condition, medical treatment, or disease as approved by the department which results in pain, suffering, or debility for which there is credible evidence that medical use cannabis could be of benefit.

**O.** "Department" means the department of health or its agent.

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- **P.** "Facility" means any building, space, or grounds licensed for the production, possession, testing, manufacturing, or distribution of cannabis, concentrates, or cannabis-derived products.
  - **Q.** "Intrastate" means existing or occurring within the state boundaries of New Mexico.
- **R.** "Laboratory applicant" means a laboratory that seeks to become an approved laboratory, or that seeks renewal of approval as an approved laboratory, in accordance with this rule.
- S. "License" means the document issued by the department granting the legal right to produce medical cannabis for a specified period of time.
  - **T.** "Licensed producer" means a person or entity licensed to produce medical cannabis.
- **U.** "**Licensure**" means the process by which the department grants permission to an applicant to produce cannabis.
- **V.** "Lot" means an identified portion of a batch, that is uniform and that is intended to meet specifications for identity, strength, and composition; or, in the case of a cannabis-derived product or concentrate, an identified quantity produced in a specified period of time in a manner that is uniform and that is intended to meet specifications for identity, strength, and composition.
  - W. "Male plant" means a male cannabis plant.
  - **X.** "Manufacture" means to make or otherwise produce cannabis-derived product or concentrate.
- Y. "Manufacturer" means a [business entity that manufactures cannabis derived product that has been approved for this purpose by the medical cannabis program] person that is licensed by the department to manufacture cannabis products; package, transport or courier cannabis products; have cannabis products tested by a cannabis testing facility; purchase, obtain, sell and transport cannabis products to other cannabis establishments; and prepare products for personal production license holders.
  - **Z.** "Mature female plant" means a harvestable female cannabis plant that is flowering.
- **AA.** "Medical cannabis program" means the administrative body of the department charged with the management of the medical cannabis program and enforcement of program regulations, to include issuance of registry identification cards, licensing of producers, and regulation of manufacturing and distribution.
- **BB.** "Medical cannabis program manager" means the administrator of the medical cannabis program who holds that title.
- **CC.** "**Medical director**" means a medical practitioner designated by the department to determine whether the medical condition of an applicant qualifies as a debilitating medical condition eligible for enrollment in the program, and to perform other duties.

- **DD.** "Medical provider certification for patient eligibility form" means a written certification form provided by the medical cannabis program signed by a patient's practitioner that, in the practitioner's professional opinion, the patient has a debilitating medical condition as defined by the act or this part and would be anticipated to benefit from the use of cannabis.
  - **EE.** "Minor" means an individual less than 18 years of age.
- **FF.** "Non-profit producer" means a New Mexico corporation that has been designated as a non-profit corporation by the New Mexico Secretary of State, that has been licensed by the department to produce medical cannabis in the state of New Mexico.
- <u>GG.</u> [FF.] "Paraphernalia" means any equipment, product, or material of any kind that is primarily intended or designed for use in compounding, converting, processing, preparing, inhaling, or otherwise introducing cannabis or its derivatives into the human body.
- <u>HH.</u> [<del>CG.</del>] "Patient enrollment/re-enrollment form" means the registry identification card application form for patient applicants provided by the medical cannabis program.
- II. [HH.] "Personal production license" means a [license issued to a qualified patient participating in the medical cannabis program, to permit the qualified patient to produce medical cannabis for the qualified patient's personal use, consistent with the requirements of department rule] license issued to a qualified patient or to a qualified patient's primary caregiver participating in the medical cannabis program to permit the qualified patient or the qualified patient's primary caregiver to produce cannabis for the qualified patient's use at an address approved by the department.
- JJ. [H-] "Petitioner" means any New Mexico resident or association of New Mexico residents petitioning the advisory board for the inclusion of a new medical condition, medical treatment, or disease to be added to the list of debilitating medical conditions that qualify for the use of cannabis.
- **KK.** [JJ-] "Plant" means any cannabis plant, cutting, or clone that has roots or that is cultivated with the intention of growing roots.
- <u>LL.</u> [KK.] "Policy" means a written statement of principles that guides and determines present and future decisions and actions of the licensed producer.
- <u>MM.</u> [LL.] "Practitioner" means a person licensed in New Mexico to prescribe and administer drugs that are subject to the Controlled Substances Act, Sections 30-31-1 *et seq.*, NMSA 1978.
- NN. [MM.] "Primary caregiver" means a resident of New Mexico who is at least 18 years of age and who has been designated by the qualified patient or their representative and the patient's practitioner as being necessary to take responsibility for managing the well-being of a qualified patient with respect to the medical use of cannabis pursuant to the provisions of the Lynn and Erin Compassionate Use Act, Section 26-2B-1 *et seq.*, NMSA 1978.
- <u>OO.</u> [NN.] "Primary caregiver application form" means the registry identification card application form provided by the medical cannabis program.
- <u>PP.</u> [OO.] "Private entity" means a private, non-profit organization that applies to become or is licensed as a producer and distributor of cannabis, concentrates, or cannabis-derived products.
- **QQ.** [**PP-**] **"Proficiency testing"** means testing conducted by the department or its agent to determine the ability of a laboratory applicant or approved laboratory to accurately identify presence, quantity, or other factors pertaining to a given analyte.
- **RR.** [QQ-] "Qualified patient" means a resident of New Mexico who has been diagnosed by a practitioner as having a debilitating medical condition and has received a registry identification card issued pursuant to the requirements of the act or department rules.
- SS. [RR-] "Registry identification card" means a document issued and owned by the department which identifies a qualified patient authorized to engage in the use of cannabis for a debilitating medical condition or a document issued by the department which identifies a primary caregiver authorized to engage in the intrastate possession and administration of cannabis for the sole use of the qualified patient.
- <u>TT.</u> [SS.] "Representative" means an individual designated as the applicant's or petitioner's agent, guardian, surrogate, or other legally appointed or authorized health care decision maker.
  - **UU.** [TT.] "Secretary" means the secretary of the New Mexico department of health.
- <u>VV.</u> [<del>UU.</del>] "Secure grounds" means a facility that provides a safe environment to avoid loss or theft.
- <u>WW.</u> [<del>VV.</del>] "Security alarm system" means any device or series of devices capable of alerting law enforcement, including, but not limited to, a signal system interconnected with a radio frequency method such as cellular, private radio signals, or other mechanical or electronic device used to detect or report an emergency or unauthorized intrusion.

- XX. [WW.] "Security policy" means the instruction manual or pamphlet adopted or developed by the licensed producer containing security policies, safety and security procedures, and personal safety and crime prevention techniques.
- YY. [XX.] "Seedling" means a cannabis plant that has no flowers and that is less than eight (8) inches in height.
- **ZZ.** [<del>YY.</del>] "Segregate" means to separate and withhold from use or sale batches, lots, cannabis, usable cannabis, or cannabis-derived products in order to first determine its suitability for use through testing by an approved laboratory.
- AAA. [ZZ-] "THC" means tetrahydrocannabinol, a cannabinoid that is the primary psychoactive ingredient in cannabis.
- **BBB.** [AAA.] "Technical evidence" means scientific, clinical, medical, or other specialized testimony, or evidence, but does not include legal argument, general comments, or statements of policy or position concerning matters at issue in the hearing.
- CCC. "Telemedicine" means the use of telecommunications and information technology to provide clinical health care from a site apart from the site where the patient is located, in real time or asynchronously, including the use of interactive simultaneous audio and video or store-and-forward technology, or off-site patient monitoring and telecommunications in order to deliver health care services.
- <u>DDD.</u> [BBB.] "Testing" means the process and procedures provided by an approved laboratory for testing of cannabis and cannabis derived products, consistent with provisions of this rule.
- **EEE.** [CCC.] "Unit" means a quantity of usable cannabis, concentrate, or cannabis-derived product that is used in identifying the maximum supply that a qualified patient may possess for purposes of department rules.
- **FFF.** [**DDD.**] **"Usable cannabis"** means the dried leaves and flowers of the female cannabis plant and cannabis-derived products, including concentrates, but does not include the seeds, stalks, or roots of the plant. [7.34.4.7 NMAC Rp, 7.34.4.7 NMAC, 2/27/2015; A, 2/29/2016; A, xx/xx/2019]

## 7.34.4.8 PRODUCER LICENSING; GENERAL PROVISIONS:

### A. The department may license two classes of producers:

- A qualified patient or primary caregiver who holds a valid personal production license. A qualified patient or primary caregiver who holds a valid personal production license is authorized to possess no more than four mature female plants and a combined total of 12 seedlings and male plants, and may possess no more than an adequate supply of usable cannabis, as specified in department rule; provided that a qualified patient or qualified patient's primary caregiver may possess that qualified patient's harvest of cannabis. A personal production license holder may additionally obtain usable cannabis, seeds, or plants from licensed non-profit producers. The primary caregiver of a qualified patient who holds a personal production license may assist the qualified patient to produce medical cannabis at the designated licensed location that is identified on the personal production license[; the primary caregiver may not independently produce medical cannabis].
- (2) A non-profit producer that operates a facility and, at any one time, is limited to a combined total of no greater than [2,500] 1,750 cannabis [mature female plants, seedlings and mature\_male] plants, not including seedlings, and an inventory of usable cannabis and seeds that reflects current patient needs[, and that shall sell cannabis with a consistent unit price, without volume discounts or promotional sales based on the quantity purchased]. A non-profit producer may possess any quantity of seedlings, as defined in this rule. A non-profit producer shall not possess a quantity of cannabis [either mature female plants or seedlings and mature male] plants that exceeds the quantities authorized by their licensure and associated licensing fee. A licensed non-profit producer may sell and distribute usable cannabis to a person or entity authorized to possess and receive it. A licensed non-profit producer may obtain plants, seeds and usable cannabis from other licensed non-profit producers.
- B. Increase to non-profit producer plant limit: The department may increase the cannabis plant limitation for a licensed non-profit producer in accordance with the following:
- (1) Effective June 1, 2021, a non-profit producer may request an increase of up to 500 plants that exceeds the total plants allowed in section 7.34.4.8(A)(2) NMAC at the time of renewal of its licensure period. In order to be considered for approval by the department, the non-profit producer shall demonstrate a need for the plant count increase to meet demand for their qualified patients. The non-profit producer shall provide the following information to the department to demonstrate the need for a plant count increase:
- (a) Average yield of usable cannabis flower and trim produced by the non-profit producer from the past 12 months;
  - (b) Current reported inventory of cannabis and cannabis-derived products;

- Percentage of usable cannabis and cannabis-derived products that was sold to qualified patients, primary caregivers, or to another licensed producer or manufacturer; and (d) Any other information requested by the department. The department shall make a determination to approve or deny the non-profit producer's (2)request to increase plant count based on the following factors: The non-profit producer has sold at least 80% of its usable cannabis for the last (a) 12 months it has operated; The non-profit producer's current inventory and average yield of usable **(b)** cannabis is consistent with current averages from other licensed producers; The number and severity of complaints and enforcement actions on the non-(c) profit licensed producer; (d) The information provided by non-profit producer is consistent with the quarterly reports or inventory tracking information it has provided to the department within the last 12 months; Supply and demand of medical cannabis throughout the state and in underserved (e) geographical regions; and The completeness of information and data provided to the department. **(3)** Effective June 1, 2021, a non-profit producer may request an emergency increase once per year outside of their license renewal period, of up to 500 plants that exceeds the total plants allowed in section 7.34.4.8(A)(2), at any time. The non-profit producer shall demonstrate a need for the plant count increase to meet demand for their qualified patients, and shall submit to the department the information identified in section 7.34.4.8(B)(1). The department shall only approve the request if the non-profit producer can demonstrate by clear and convincing evidence that it is not able to meet qualified patient demand for usable cannabis or cannabis-derived products with its current plant count or by obtaining usable cannabis or cannabis products from another licensed producer. The non-profit producer shall provide objective data about the current supply in the medical cannabis market to demonstrate these factors. The department shall also consider the same factors in subdivision (b) when approving or denying this request. Any increase in plant count approved under this section shall be voided in the event of a
- transfer of the majority of ownership for a licensed producer, at which time the plant limit for the license shall revert to the limit allowed in paragraph (A)(2).
- (5) The department is not required to approve a request for an increase to a non-profit producer's plant limit and retains sole discretion to grant or deny the request.
- <u>C.</u> [B-] Limitation on distribution: A non-profit producer shall not knowingly sell or otherwise distribute usable cannabis to any person or entity that is not authorized to possess and receive the usable cannabis pursuant to department rules.

## **D.** [C.] Processing of production applications:

- (1) The issuance of an application is in no way a guarantee that the completed application will be accepted or that a license will be granted. Information provided by the applicant and used by the licensing authority for the licensing process shall be accurate and truthful. Any applicant that fails to participate in good faith or that falsifies information presented in the licensing process shall have its application denied by the department.
- (2) The number of licenses issued by the department to non-profit private entities, and the determination of which non-profit entities shall be licensed, shall be determined at the discretion of the secretary, which determination shall constitute the final administrative decision of the department.
- (3) A non-profit producer whose application for licensure is not approved shall not be entitled to further administrative review.
- $\underline{\mathbf{E}}$ .  $[\mathbf{D}_{\bullet}]$  Factors considered: The secretary shall consider the overall health needs of qualified patients and the safety of the public in determining the number of licenses to be issued to non-profit private entities and shall further consider:
  - (1) the sufficiency of the overall supply available to qualified patients statewide;
  - (2) the service location of the applicant;
- (3) the applicant's production plan, including but not limited to the applicant's plan for the growth, cultivation, and harvesting of medical cannabis;
- (4) the applicant's sales and distribution plan, including but not limited to the applicant's plan for sale of medical cannabis, plan for delivery (if any) to qualified patients, and the forms of usable cannabis and cannabis-derived products to be sold or distributed;
- (5) the applicant's skill and knowledge of horticulture and cannabis production technology, as well as the applicant's knowledge of current good manufacturing practice in manufacturing, packaging, labeling,

or holding operations for dietary supplements; environmental protection agency agricultural worker protection standards; and New Mexico department of agriculture (NMDA) pesticide registration, licensing and use requirements to ensure a safe product and environment;

- (6) the applicant's plan for the manufacture or distribution of cannabis derived products, including but not limited to edible products;
  - (7) the security plan proposed, including location, security devices employed, and staffing;
- (8) the applicant's quality assurance plan, including but not limited to the applicant's plan to ensure purity, consistency of dose, as well as the applicant's plan for routine testing by a department approved laboratory;
  - (9) the experience and expertise of the non-profit board members;
  - (10) the financial resources available to the applicant for licensure and operations;
- (11) the facilities available to the applicant for production, distribution, storage, and other purposes, and the applicant's ownership of the property, buildings, or other facilities identified in the production and distribution plan, as applicable; and
  - (12) other relevant factors.
- **E.** [E.] Production and distribution of medical cannabis by a licensed non-profit producer; use of couriers: Production and distribution of medical cannabis by a licensed non-profit producer to a qualified patient or primary caregiver shall take place at locations described in the non-profit producer's production and distribution plan approved by the department, and shall not take place at locations that are within 300 feet of any school, church, or daycare center. For purposes of this provision, delivery to the residence of a qualified patient or primary caregiver shall not be deemed "distribution". A licensed non-profit producer may, consistent with this rule, and with the consent of a purchasing qualified patient or primary caregiver, utilize an approved courier to transport usable cannabis to a qualified patient or primary caregiver, and may for this purpose share with an approved courier the contact information of the purchasing qualified patient or primary caregiver. A licensed non-profit producer may, consistent with this rule, also utilize an approved courier to transport usable cannabis to another non-profit producer, to an approved laboratory, and to an approved manufacturer. A licensed non-profit producer shall not identify any person as an intended recipient of usable cannabis who is not a qualified patient, a primary caregiver, an approved courier, an approved manufacturer, or an approved laboratory.
- **G.** [**F.**] **Verification of application information:** The department may verify information contained in each application and accompanying documentation by:
  - (1) contacting the applicant by telephone, mail, or electronic mail;
  - (2) conducting an on-site visit;
- (3) requiring a face-to-face meeting and the production of additional identification materials if proof of identity is uncertain; and
  - (4) requiring additional relevant information as the department deems necessary.
- <u>H.</u> [G.] Cooperation with the department: Upon submitting an application, an applicant shall fully cooperate with the department and shall timely respond to requests for information or documentation. Failure to cooperate with a request of the department may result in the application being denied or otherwise declared incomplete.
- <u>I.</u> [H<sub>+</sub>] Criminal history screening requirements: All persons associated with a licensed non-profit producer or non-profit producer-applicant, manufacturer or manufacturer-applicant, approved laboratory or laboratory applicant, and approved courier or courier-applicant, shall consent to and undergo a nationwide and department of public safety (DPS) statewide criminal history screening background check. This includes qualified patients, board members, persons having direct or indirect authority over management or policies, employees, contractors, and agents. Background check documentation shall be submitted annually for approval to the department with the applicant's renewal materials and prior to an individual assuming any duties or responsibilities for a non-profit producer, manufacturer, laboratory, or courier. Background check documentation shall be received by the medical cannabis program, and the individual shall be approved by the program, before the individual begins to provide any work or services to the producer, manufacturer, laboratory, or courier.
- (1) Criminal history screening fees: All applicable fees associated with the nationwide and DPS statewide criminal history screening background checks shall be paid by the non-profit producer, manufacturer, laboratory, courier, or applicant.
- (2) **Disqualifying convictions:** Individuals convicted of a felony violation of Section 30-31-20 (trafficking of a controlled substance); 30-31-21 (distributing a controlled substance to a minor); 30-31-22 NMSA 1978 (distributing a controlled substance); or a violation of any equivalent federal statute or equivalent statute from any other jurisdiction, shall be prohibited from participating or being associated with either a non-profit

producer licensed under this rule, an approved laboratory, an approved manufacturer, or an approved courier. If an individual has been convicted of a felony violation of the NM Controlled Substances Act other than Sections 30-31-20 through 30-31-22 NMSA 1978, or has been convicted of any equivalent federal statute or equivalent statute from any other jurisdiction, and the final completion of the entirety of the associated sentence of such conviction has been less than five years from the date of the individual's anticipated association with the production facility, then the individual shall be prohibited from serving on the board of a licensed non-profit producer, or working for the licensed producer, or approved entity. An individual who is disqualified shall be notified of his or her disqualification. If an individual has been convicted of more than one felony violation of the above-cited sections of the NM Controlled Substances Act or an equivalent federal statute or equivalent statute from any other jurisdiction, the individual shall be notified that he or she is permanently prohibited from participating or being associated with a licensed non-profit producer, approved manufacturer, approved laboratory, or approved courier. Any violation of this subsection shall result in the immediate revocation of any privilege granted under this rule and the act.

- <u>J.</u> [L] Board membership requirements for private entities: The board of directors for a private non-profit applicant or licensee shall include at a minimum five voting members, including one medical provider limited to a physician (MD or DO), a registered nurse, nurse practitioner, licensed practical nurse, or physician assistant, and three patients currently qualified under the Lynn and Erin Compassionate Use Act.
- (1) for purposes of board membership, a single individual may not qualify as both the patient and as the medical provider;
- (2) members of the board of directors for a non-profit producer shall be residents of New Mexico; and
- (3) no member of a non-profit producer's board of directors may at any given time serve on more than one single board of directors for licensed non-profit producers, or be employed by another non-profit producer.
- **K.** [J-] Limitation on number of production facilities: A licensed non-profit producer shall conduct its production operations at a single, physical location approved by the department. An additional production facility or facilities may be allowed at the department's discretion if the non-profit producer is approved to grow more than 150 plants.
- <u>L.</u> [K.] Limitation on sales within 90 consecutive calendar days: A licensed non-profit producer shall not sell or distribute usable cannabis to a qualified patient or primary caregiver in a total quantity that exceeds 230 units, as described in department rules concerning patient registry identification cards, within any 90-day period, unless the qualified patient or primary caregiver presents proof of a valid medical exception granted by the department.
- M. [L.] [Maximum concentration of THC in concentrates: A licensed non-profit producer shall not sell or otherwise distribute a concentrated cannabis derived product to a qualified patient or primary caregiver that contains greater than seventy percent (70%) THC by weight, unless the qualified patient or primary caregiver presents proof of a valid medical exception granted by the department.] Destruction of usable cannabis: A licensed non-profit producer shall document the destruction of any usable cannabis using a video recording, and shall retain the video recording of the destruction for no less than one-hundred-and-twenty (120) days. A licensed non-profit producer shall make the video recording of the destruction available for the department's inspection or copying upon the department's request.
- N. [M-] Maximum water content in dried usable cannabis: A licensed non-profit producer shall not sell usable cannabis, other than a cannabis derived product, that contains fifteen percent (15%) or greater water content by weight. A licensed non-profit producer may be subject to testing to ensure compliance, consistent with the provisions of this rule.
- $\underline{\mathbf{O}}$ . [N-] Non-profit producer policies and procedures: The non-profit producer shall develop, implement, and maintain on the premises policies and procedures relating to the medical cannabis program, which shall at a minimum include the following:
- (1) distribution criteria for qualified patients or primary caregivers appropriate for cannabis services, to include clear, legible photocopies of the registry identification card and New Mexico photo identification card of every qualified patient or primary caregiver served by the private entity;
- (2) testing criteria and procedures, which shall be consistent with the testing requirements of this rule;
  - (3) alcohol and drug-free work place policies and procedures;
- (4) an attestation that no firearms will be permitted on any premises used for production or distribution by the non-profit entity;
  - (5) employee policies and procedures to address the following requirements:

- (a) job descriptions or employment contracts developed for every employee that identify duties, authority, responsibilities, qualifications, and supervision; and
  - (b) training materials concerning adherence to state and federal confidentiality laws.
- (6) personnel records for each employee that include an application for employment and a record of any disciplinary action taken;
- (7) on-site training curricula, or contracts with outside resources capable of meeting employee training needs, to include, at a minimum, the following topics:
  - (a) professional conduct, ethics, and patient confidentiality; and
  - (b) informational developments in the field of medical use of cannabis.
- (8) employee safety and security training materials provided to each employee at the time of his or her initial appointment, to include:
  - (a) training in the proper use of security measures and controls that have been
- **(b)** specific procedural instructions regarding how to respond to an emergency, including robbery or a violent accident.
  - (9) a general written security policy, to address at a minimum:
    - (a) safety and security procedures;
    - **(b)** personal safety; and
    - (c) crime prevention techniques.
- (10) training documentation prepared for each employee and statements signed by employees indicating the topics discussed (to include names and titles of presenters) and the date, time, and place the employee received said training;
  - (11) a written policy regarding the right of the private entity to refuse service;
- (12) a confidentiality policy to ensure that identifying information of qualified patients is not disclosed or disseminated without authorization from the patient, except as otherwise required by the department; and
  - (13) such other policies or procedures as the department may require.
- **P.** [O.] Retention of training documentation: A non-profit producer shall maintain documentation of an employee's training for a period of at least six months after termination of an employee's employment. Employee training documentation shall be made available within 24 hours of a department representative's request; the 24 hour period shall exclude holidays and weekends.

## Q. [P.] Licensure periods:

adopted; and

- (1) Licensure period for non-profit producers: The licensure period of a licensed non-profit producer shall be from August 1st (or the date of approval of the licensure application, if later) through July 31st of a given year.
- (a) Exception; transition to revised 2019 rules: The licensure period for a licensed non-profit producer that would otherwise end on August 1, 2019 shall instead continue until September 30, 2019.
- (2) Licensure period for qualified patient producers: A qualified patient's personal production license shall expire annually at the end of their enrollment in the NM medical cannabis program.
- (3) **Return of a license or identification card:** Licenses and identification cards issued by the department are the property of the department and shall be returned to the department upon a producer's withdrawal from the program, upon termination of a card holder's employment with a licensed non-profit producer, or upon suspension or revocation.
- **R.** [Q-] **Amended license:** A licensed producer shall submit to the department an application form for an amended license, and shall obtain approval from the department, at least 30 business days prior to implementing any:
  - (1) change of location of a qualified patient who also holds a personal production license;
- (2) change of location of a non-profit producer's production or distribution facilities, change of directors, change of ownership of production or distribution facilities, private entity name, capacity or any physical modification or addition to the facility; and
- (3) substantial change to a private entity's production plan or distribution plan, including any change to the type(s) of products produced or distributed, the private entity's method(s) of distribution, and security plan.

#### S. [R.] Application for renewal of an annual production license:

- (1) **Deadline for private entities.** Each licensed non-profit producer shall apply for renewal of its annual license no later than August 1st of each year by submitting a renewal application to the department. The department shall provide the renewal application requirements no later than June 1st of each year.
- (2) **Deadline for personal production license holders:** A patient who holds personal production licensure shall apply for renewal of their annual license no later than 30 days prior to the expiration of the license by submitting a renewal application to the department.
- (3) General submission requirements for qualified patients: Qualified patients applying for personal production licensure shall submit:
  - (a) an application for issuance or renewal of a personal production license; and
- (b) a non-refundable thirty dollar (\$30) application fee, except that the fee may be waived upon a showing that the income of the qualified patient is equal to or lesser than two hundred percent (200%) of the federal poverty guidelines established by the U.S. department of health and human services[; and
- (c) a fifty dollar (\$50) payment, for replacement of a personal production license. A lost or stolen identification card shall be reported as soon as practicable to the medical cannabis program.
  - (4) General submission requirements for private entities: Private entities shall submit:
    - (a) an application for renewal of license; and
    - **(b)** applicable non-refundable licensure renewal fees.

## $\underline{\mathbf{T}}$ . [S-] Non-transferable registration of license:

- (1) A license shall not be transferred by assignment or otherwise to other persons or locations. Unless the licensed producer applies for and receives an amended license, the license shall be void and returned to the department when any one of the following situations occurs:
  - (a) ownership of the facility changes;
  - **(b)** location change;
  - (c) change in licensed producer;
  - (d) the discontinuance of operation; or
  - (e) the removal of all medical cannabis from the facility by lawful state authority.
  - (2) Transactions, which do not constitute a change of ownership, include the following:
    - (a) when applicable, changes in the membership of a corporate board of directors or

board of trustees; and

survives.

(b) two or more corporations merge and the originally licensed corporation

## <u>U.</u> [<del>T.</del>] Automatic expiration of license:

- (1) A license shall expire at 11:59 p.m. on the day indicated on the license as the expiration date, unless the license was renewed at an earlier date, suspended, or revoked.
- (2) A private entity that intends to voluntarily close or is involuntarily closed shall notify the licensing authority no later than 30 calendar days prior to closure. All private non-profit entities shall notify all qualified patients or the primary caregivers prior to expiration of the license. Any unused medical cannabis shall be turned over to local law enforcement, destroyed by the producer, donated to patients, or provided to another non-profit producer to be donated to patients. A producer that destroys medical cannabis shall submit documentation of that destruction to the department.
- <u>V.</u> [<del>U.</del>] **Display of license:** The licensed producer shall maintain the license safely at the production location and be able to produce the license immediately upon request by the department or law enforcement.

## $\underline{W}$ . [ $\underline{V}$ .] Fees applicable to applicants and licensees:

- (1) Non-profit producer application fee: A non-profit producer shall submit with its initial application an application fee of ten thousand dollars (\$10,000). If the application is denied, the department shall issue a refund of nine thousand dollars (\$9,000) to the applicant.
- (2) Non-profit producer license fee: A non-profit producer that is licensed shall submit to the medical cannabis program a non-refundable licensure fee before beginning operations, no earlier than July 1st of each renewal year and no later than August 1st of each renewal year, of: [thirty thousand dollars (\$30,000)] \$40,000 for the first [150] 500 cannabis plants to be possessed by the non-profit producer[, and ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) for each additional quantity of 50 plants thereafter to be possessed, up to a maximum collective total of 450 cannabis plants]; \$5,000 for each additional increment of 50 cannabis plants above 500 and up to a collective total of 1,000 cannabis plants; and \$6,000 for each additional increment of 50 cannabis plants above 1,000.
- (3) Exception; [T]transition to revised LNPP fees, plant limits: A fee that is paid by a non-profit producer [for the year 2015 and prior to the adoption of this rule shall be assessed, on a pro-rated basis,

towards the fees identified in this section for that licensure year] in the year 2019 shall be tendered to the department no earlier than September 23, 2019 and no later than October 4, 2019.

- **Qualified patient personal production fees:** A qualified patient shall submit with each initial application and renewal application for personal production licensure a fee of thirty dollars (\$30), except that the fee may be waived upon a showing that the income of the qualified patient is equal to or lesser than two hundred percent (200%) of the federal poverty guidelines established by the U.S. department of health and human services; and
- (5) Replacement license fee: A fifty dollar (\$50) payment is required for replacement of [a license] an identification card for an employee of a licensed non-profit producer, and for replacement of a personal production license card.
- **Payment:** Fees shall be paid by check, money order, or any other form of payment approved by the medical cannabis program manager or designee, and shall be made payable to the medical cannabis program of the department.
- $\underline{\mathbf{X}}$ . [ $\mathbf{W}$ -] Inventory and sales equipment: The department may require a licensed non-profit producer to utilize specified equipment, software, and services for purposes of tracking inventory, sales, and other information, and for the purpose of reporting that information to the department of health.

[7.34.4.8 NMAC - Rp, 7.34.4.8 NMAC, 2/27/2015; A, 2/29/2016; A/E, 3/1/2019; A, xx/xx/2019]

# 7.34.4.18 QUALIFIED PERSONAL PRODUCTION APPLICATION AND LICENSURE REQUIREMENTS:

- **A.** A qualified patient may apply for a personal production license <u>for either the qualified patient or the qualified patient's primary caregiver</u> to produce medical cannabis solely for the qualified patient's own use.
- **B.** A qualified patient may obtain no more than one personal production license, which license may be issued for production to occur either indoors or outdoors in no more than one single location[, which shall be either the patient's primary residence or other property owned by the patient].

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[7.34.4.18 NMAC - Rp, 7.34.4.9 NMAC, 2/27/2015]

## 7.34.4.19 NON-PROFIT PRODUCER APPLICATION AND LICENSURE REQUIREMENTS:

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- **B. Production and distribution information and materials:** An applicant for non-profit producer licensure shall submit to the department:
- an acknowledgement that production, at any time, shall not exceed the total of <u>cannabis</u> [mature female [plants, seedlings, and male] plants that the non-profit entity has been approved to produce as well as an inventory of usable cannabis that reflects current patient needs;

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[7.34.4.19 NMAC - Rp, 7.34.4.8 & 10 NMAC, 2/27/2015; A, 2/29/2016; A, xx/xx/2019]

### 7.34.4.23 MONITORING AND CORRECTIVE ACTIONS:

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- **B. Financial records:** A licensed non-profit producer shall maintain detailed confidential sales records in a manner and format approved by the department, and shall inform the department of the location where such records are kept, and promptly update that information if the records are removed.
- (1) Access: The department and its agents shall have reasonable access to the sales and other financial records of a licensed non-profit producer, <u>including data from point of sale systems</u>, and shall be granted immediate access to <u>inspect or copy</u> those records upon request. A patient shall be granted reasonable access to a licensed non-profit producer's sales records for that patient upon request.
- (2) Audit: A licensed non-profit producer shall submit the results of an annual audit to the department no later than 90 days after the end of each fiscal year of the licensed non-profit. For the purposes of this

section, the fiscal year of a non-profit producer shall be the 12 month cycle identified by the producer in its filings with the New Mexico taxation and revenue department. The annual audit shall be conducted by an independent certified public accountant; the costs of any such audit shall be borne by the private entity. Results of the annual audit shall be forwarded to the medical cannabis program manager or designee. The department may also periodically require, within its discretion, the audit of a non-profit producer's financial records by the department.

(3) **Quarterly reports:** A non-profit producer shall submit reports on at least a quarterly basis, or as otherwise requested, and in the format specified by the department. The quarterly report shall include at a minimum:

(a)	Number of qualified patients	and primary caregivers who purchased usable
cannabis;		
(b)	Total number of retail transaction	tions;
(c)	Average amount (in units) pu	rchased per retail transaction;
(d)	Number of units provided wi	hout charge;
(e)	Number of cannabis plants in	production, including mature plants and seedlings;
(f)	Number of cannabis plants ha	
(g)	Total yield of usable cannabi	s harvested from cannabis plants (in grams);
(h)	Average yield per plant (in gr	rams);
(i)	Amount of cannabis (in gram	s) sold by wholesale;
(j)	Amount of cannabis (in gram	s) purchased by wholesale;
(k)	Number of live cannabis plan	ts (including clones) and cannabis seeds sold;
(1)	Amount of dried cannabis lea	ves and flowers in stock;
(m	Average price per gram of dr	ed cannabis leaves and flowers;
(n)	Total amount of dried cannab	is leaves and flowers sold (in units);
<b>(0</b> )	Total sales of dried cannabis	leaves and flowers (in dollars and units);
(p)	Amount of cannabis derived	products in stock (in units);
(n)	Total amount of cannabis der	ived products sold (in units);
<b>(0</b> )	Total sales of cannabis derive	d products (in dollars and units);
(p)	Amount of gross receipts tax	paid to the New Mexico department of taxation
and revenue;		
(q)	All quality testing reports, to	be included as attachments;
(r)	A detailed description of any	thefts, robberies, break-ins or security breaches
that occurred, including a des	on of any property that was sto	len or destroyed, and the quantity of any usable
cannabis that was stolen; and		
(s)	Such additional information a	s the department may request.

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## [7.34.4.23 NMAC - Rp, 7.34.4.15 NMAC, 2/27/2015; A, xx/xx/2019]

#### 7.34.4.24 DISCIPLINARY ACTIONS AND APPEAL PROCESS:

**A. Grounds for disciplinary action:** Disciplinary action may be taken against a producer-applicant, a licensed producer, a manufacturer-applicant or approved manufacturer, a laboratory applicant or approved laboratory, or an approved courier or courier-applicant. Disciplinary action may include revocation, suspension, or denial of an application, license, or department approval, <u>monetary penalties</u>, and other action. Disciplinary action may be imposed for:

	[(1)	failure to comply with or satisfy any provision of this rule;
	(2)	falsification or misrepresentation of any material or information submitted to the
department;		•
	(3)	failing to allow or impeding a monitoring visit by authorized representatives of the
department;		
	(4)	failure to adhere to any acknowledgement, verification, or other representation made to
the department;		
	(5)	failure to submit or disclose information required by this rule or otherwise requested by
the department;		
	<del>(6)</del>	failure to correct any violation of this rule cited as a result of a review or audit of
financial records	or other	· materials;

<del>(7)</del>	failur	e to comply with the department's requested access to premises or materials;
<del>(8)</del>		e to pay a required monetary penalty;
		tion of cannabis or a cannabis derived product, as determined by the department;
(10)		ening or harming a patient, a medical practitioner, or an employee of the
department; and	tineat	ening of narming a patient, a medical practitioner, of an employee of the
(11)	any o	ther basis identified in this rule.
(1)	•	ior violation implicating public safety, including:
(1)	(a)	failure to comply with or satisfy any provision of this rule that implicates public
safety;	(a)	tanule to comply with or satisfy any provision of this rule that implicates public
sarcty,	<b>(b)</b>	diversion of cannabis or a cannabis-derived product, as determined by the
department;	•	<u> </u>
<u>wap ar urrarry</u>	(c)	threatening or harming a patient, a medical practitioner, or an employee of the
department;	(0)	amedicining of narming a patient, a medical practitioner, of an employee of the
<u>department,</u>	( <b>d</b> )	intentionally destroying, damaging, altering, removing or concealing evidence
of a violation under this	· · · · /	empting to do so, or asking or encouraging another person to do so;
or a violation under tins	(e)	deliberately purchasing usable cannabis, cannabis-derived products or cannabis
plants from out of state	(, -,	e the legal medical cannabis system; or
plants from out of state of	( <b>f</b> )	other conduct that shows willful or reckless disregard for health or safety;
(2)		or violation not implicating public safety, including:
(2)	-	
-	(a)	failure to pay a required monetary penalty:
	(b)	failure to comply with the department's requested access to premises or
materials;	( )	
	(c)	failure to allow or impedance of a visit by authorized representatives or
designees of the departn		
	(d)	falsification or misrepresentation of any material or information submitted to the
department;		
	(e)	failure to adhere to any acknowledgement, verification, or other representation
made to the department;	<u>.</u>	
	<u>(f)</u>	failure to submit or disclose information required by this rule or otherwise
requested by the departr	nent;	
	(g)	failure to correct any violation of this rule cited as a result of a review or audit of
financial records or othe	r materia	als, or cited as a result of a monitoring visit or site inspection;
	(h)	a pattern of non-major license violations;
	(i)	noncompliance with tax obligations as determined by a taxation regulatory
authority;		
	<b>(j)</b>	exceeding the plant limit of the license; and
(3)	Any o	other violation, including:
<del></del>	(a)	failure to comply with or satisfy any provision of this rule that does not
implicate public safety;	•	
	<b>(b)</b>	failure to take a video recording of the destruction of usable cannabis, in
accordance with this rule		
accordance with this full	(c)	selling or transferring to a qualified patient or primary caregiver a quantity of
usable cannabis greater	( - /	maximum amount permitted by department rule.
		inary actions against a licensed non-profit producer, approved manufacturer.

- **B. Fines:** Disciplinary actions against a licensed non-profit producer, approved manufacturer, approved laboratory, or approved courier may include the imposition of monetary penalties, which may be assessed by the department in the amount of:
- (1) [one-hundred dollars (\$100) for the first assessed monetary penalty in a calendar year] up to \$50,000 for each major violation implicating public safety;
- (2) [five hundred dollars (\$500) for the second assessed monetary penalty in a calendar year] up to \$20,000 for each major violation not implicating public safety;
- (3) [one thousand dollars (\$1,000) for every monetary penalty thereafter assessed in a calendar year] up to \$5,000 for each other violation.

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[7.34.4.24 NMAC - Rp, 7.34.4.16 NMAC, 2/27/2015; A, xx/xx/2019]

# 7.34.4.25 EXEMPTION FROM STATE CRIMINAL AND CIVIL PENALTIES [FOR THE MEDICAL USE OF CANNABIS]:

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C. In accordance with the Public School Code, Chapter 22 NMSA 1978, and the Lynn and Erin Compassionate Use Act at NMSA 1978, § 26-2B-4(G), the department hereby deems New Mexico public schools, school districts, local school boards, locally-chartered charter schools, state-chartered charter schools, and governing bodies of state-chartered charter schools to be licensees, and designated school personnel (including designated employees and volunteers of the foregoing licensees) to be licensee representatives, authorized within the licensees' licensure to possess and store cannabis and cannabis derived products on behalf of qualified students, and to administer cannabis and cannabis derived products to qualified students, in school settings. The department deems the licensees and licensee representatives to be entitled to immunity from arrest, prosecution or penalty, in any manner, for activities conducted within the licensees' licensure and in accordance with the Public School Code. [7.34.4.25 NMAC - Rp, 7.34.4.17 NMAC, 2/27/2015; A, xx/xx/2019]