

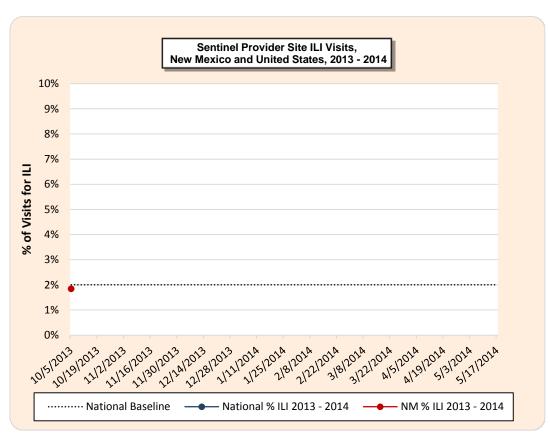
## NEW MEXICO INFLUENZA SURVEILLANCE UPDATE 2013 - 2014 Influenza Season

## Epidemiology and Response Division, New Mexico Department of Health (NMDOH)

Influenza Activity in New Mexico for Week Ending October 5, 2013 (MMWR Week 40)

Influenza in the state was at low activity by several indicators<sup>1</sup>:

Outpatient visits for influenza-like illness (ILI): Twenty-eight of the 29 sentinel outpatient
provider sites reported a total of 11,216 patient visits, of which 207 (1.8%) were identified as
visits for ILI<sup>2</sup>. See graph below displaying the comparison of statewide ILI activity to national
ILI activity trends.

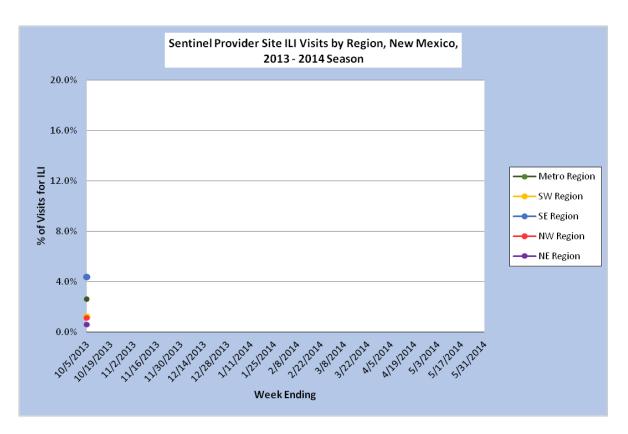


Weekly ILI and lab data may change as additional reports are compiled.

• ILI Activity by State Health Regions: by NMDOH regions within the state (refer to page 4 table footnote defining the regions by county). Weekly ILI ranged from 0.6% (NE Region) to 4.4% (SE Region). See graph below for the current season's weekly ILI by region.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Influenza-like Activity (ILI) is defined as Fever (≥ 100°F [37.8° C], oral or equivalent) AND cough and/or sore throat in the absence of a KNOWN cause other than influenza.



**Sentinel Outpatient Reporting Sites by Region:** 

	ationt reporting once by region:			
NW Region	San Juan Regional Medical Center, Farmington and Acoma-Canoncito-Laguna Indian Health Hospital, Acoma			
NE Region	Raton Family Practice Associates, Raton; Taos-Picuris Indian Health Clinic, Taos; Pecos Valley Medical Center, Pecos; La Familia Medical Clinic, Santa Fe; Los Alamos Family Care Clinic, Los Alamos; Jicarilla Apache Indian Health Clinic, Dulce; Espanola Family Care Clinic, Espanola			
Metro Region	Lovelace Downtown Medical Center, Albuquerque; University of New Mexico Student Health Clinic, Albuquerque; Presbyterian Medical Group-Atrisco, Northside, Pediatric Urgent Care; Albuquerque Health Partners Urgent Care, Rio Rancho			
SE Region	Carlsbad Medical Čenter, Carlsbad; Lea Regional Medical Center, Hobbs; Eastern New Mexico Medical Center, Roswell; Ruidoso Medical Associates, Ruidoso; Roosevelt General Hospital, Portales			
SW Region	Gila Regional Medical Center, Silver City; Hidalgo Medical Services Clinic, Lordsburg; Ben Archer Health Center, Deming, Columbs, and Dona Ana; La Clinica de Familia, Sunland Park; Mescalero Apache Indian Health Hospital, Mescalero; Sierra Vista Hospital, Truth or Consequences; New Mexico Mining and Technology Institute, Socorro			

- Laboratory tests for influenza: The Scientific Lab Division (SLD) has reported no respiratory samples positive for influenza by polymerase chain reaction (PCR) or culture for the week ending October 5, 2013.
- **Influenza-related deaths:** There have been no laboratory confirmed influenza-related deaths, adult or pediatric, in New Mexico during the week ending October 5, 2013.
- Geographic Spread of Influenza in the State: NMDOH reported the state influenza activity level as 'Sporadic' to the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC). See the table below for the activity level definitions. There is no map of the U.S displaying New Mexico activity in comparison to influenza activity in bordering states, regions, and nationally for the

week ending October 5, 2013. This map, normally produced by the CDC Influenza Division, is not available due to the lapse in federal government funding.

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This information is collected by the Infectious Disease Epidemiology Bureau, Epidemiology Response Division, New Mexico Department of Health.

For questions, please call 505-827-0006.

For more information on influenza go to the NMDOH web page: <a href="http://www.health.state.nm.us/flu/">http://www.health.state.nm.us/flu/</a> or the CDC web page: <a href="http://www.cdc.gov/ncidod/diseases/flu/fluvirus.htm">http://www.cdc.gov/ncidod/diseases/flu/fluvirus.htm</a>

## TABLE OF INFLUENZA ACTIVITY LEVELS

Activity Level	ILI activity*/Outbreaks		Laboratory data	
No activity	Low	And	No lab confirmed cases <sup>†</sup>	
	Not increased	And	Isolated lab-confirmed cases	
Sporadic	OR			
	Not increased	And	Lab confirmed outbreak in one institution <sup>‡</sup>	
	Increased ILI in 1 region**; ILI activity in other regions is not increased	And	Recent (within the past 3 weeks) lab evidence of influenza in region with increased ILI	
	OR			
Local	2 or more institutional outbreaks (ILI or lab confirmed) in 1 region; ILI activity in other regions is not increased	And	Recent (within the past 3 weeks) lab evidence of influenza in region with the outbreaks; virus activity is no greater than sporadic in other regions	
	Increased ILI in less than half of the regions (2 or less)	And	Recent (within the past 3 weeks) lab confirmed influenza in the affected regions	
Regional	OR			
Regional	Institutional outbreaks (ILI or lab confirmed) in less than half of the regions (2 or less)	And	Recent (within the past 3 weeks) lab confirmed influenza in the affected regions	
Widespread	Increased ILI and/or institutional outbreaks (ILI or lab confirmed) in at least 3 of the 5 regions	And	Recent (within the past 3 weeks) lab confirmed influenza in the state.	

<sup>\*</sup>Influenza-like illness: Fever ( $\geq$  100°F [37.8°C], oral or equivalent) <u>and</u> cough <u>and/or</u> sore throat (in the absence of a known cause other than influenza).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>†</sup> Lab confirmed case = case confirmed by rapid diagnostic test, antigen detection, culture, or PCR. Care should be given when relying on results of point of care rapid diagnostic test kits during times when influenza is not circulating widely. The sensitivity and specificity of these tests vary and the predicative value positive may be low outside the time of peak influenza activity. Therefore, at the start of the season, NMDOH uses lab confirmation by PCR or culture to declare the presence of lab-confirmed influenza in the state. Positivity by other lab methods is recognized and tracked as another influenza activity indicator as the season progresses.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>‡</sup> Institution includes nursing home, hospital, prison, school, etc.

<sup>\*\*</sup>Region: population under surveillance in a defined geographical subdivision of a state. A region could be comprised of 1 or more counties and would be based on each state's specific circumstances. In New Mexico, the NMDOH regions are: Northwest Region: San Juan, McKinley, and Cibola counties; Northeast Region: Los Alamos, Rio Arriba, Taos, Colfax, Union, Mora, Harding, Santa Fe, San Miguel and Guadalupe counties; Metro Region: Bernalillo, Sandoval, Torrance and Valencia counties; Southeast Region: Quay, Curry, DeBaca, Lincoln, Roosevelt, Chaves, Eddy and Lea counties, and Southwest Region: Socorro, Catron, Grant, Sierra, Otero, Dona Ana, Luna and Hidalgo counties.