



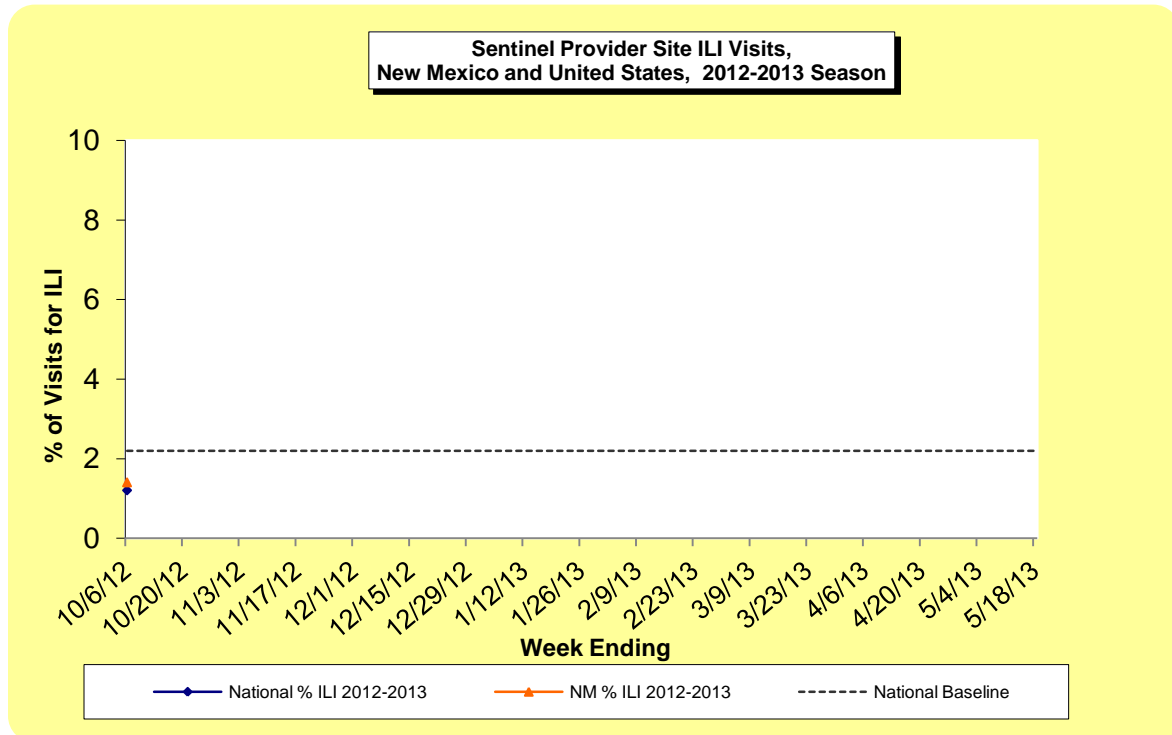
## NEW MEXICO INFLUENZA SURVEILLANCE UPDATE 2012 - 2013 Influenza Season

### *Epidemiology and Response Division, New Mexico Department of Health (NMDOH)*

Influenza Activity in New Mexico for **Week ending October 6, 2012**, the first surveillance week of the traditional 2012-2013 influenza season which runs from early October to mid-May.

Influenza in the State was at no activity to low activity by several indicators<sup>1</sup>:

- Outpatient Visits for Influenza-like illness (ILI): twenty- five of the 26 sentinel outpatient provider sites reported a total of 8,828 patient visits, of which 126 (1.4%) were identified as visits for ILI<sup>2</sup>. See graph below displaying the comparison of statewide ILI activity to national ILI activity percentage.

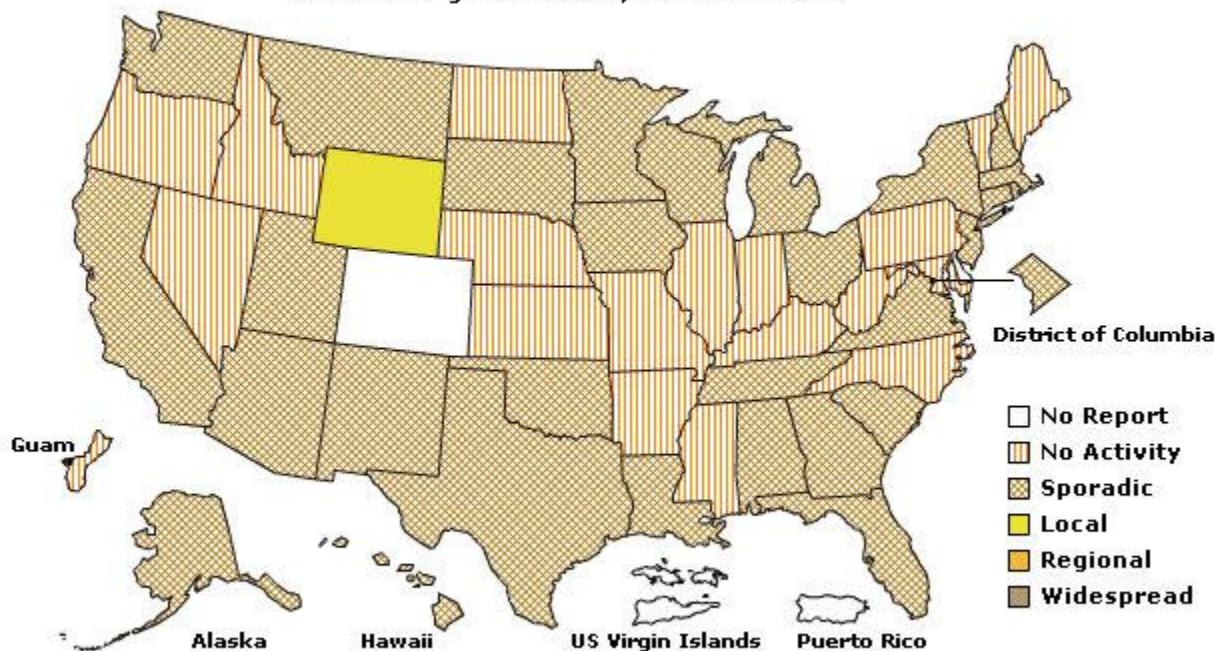


<sup>1</sup> Weekly ILI and lab data may change as additional reports are compiled.

<sup>2</sup> Influenza-like Activity (ILA) is defined as Fever ( $\geq 100^{\circ}\text{F}$  [ $37.8^{\circ}\text{C}$ ], oral or equivalent) AND cough and/or sore throat in the absence of a KNOWN cause other than influenza.

- Laboratory tests for influenza: The Scientific Lab Division (SLD) has reported no respiratory samples positive for influenza by polymerase chain reaction (PCR) or culture for week ending October 6, 2012.
- Influenza-related deaths: there have been no reports of deaths, adult or pediatric, caused by lab-confirmed influenza in New Mexico for week ending October 6, 2012.
- NMDOH reported the state influenza activity as “**Sporadic**” to the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC). See the table on page 3 for full definitions of activity levels. Below is a map of the U.S displaying New Mexico activity in comparison to influenza activity in bordering states, regions and nationally. This map is produced by the CDC Influenza Division.

**A Weekly Influenza Surveillance Report Prepared by the Influenza Division  
Weekly Influenza Activity Estimates Reported by State and Territorial Epidemiologists\*  
Week Ending October 06, 2012- Week 40**



\*This map indicates geographic spread and does not measure the severity of influenza activity.

\*\*\*\*\*

This information is collected by the Infectious Disease Epidemiology Bureau, Epidemiology Response Division of NMDOH.  
For questions, please call 505-827-0006. For more information on influenza go to the NMDOH web page: <http://www.health.state.nm.us/flu/> or the CDC web page: <http://www.cdc.gov/ncidod/diseases/flu/fluivirus.htm>

Activity Level	ILI activity*/Outbreaks		Laboratory data
<b>No activity</b>	Low	<b>And</b>	No lab confirmed cases <sup>†</sup>
<b>Sporadic</b>	Not increased	<b>And</b>	Isolated lab-confirmed cases
	<b>OR</b>		
<b>Local</b>	Increased ILI in 1 region**; ILI activity in other regions is not increased	<b>And</b>	Recent (within the past 3 weeks) lab evidence of influenza in region with increased ILI
	<b>OR</b>		
<b>Regional</b>	2 or more institutional outbreaks (ILI or lab confirmed) in 1 region; ILI activity in other regions is not increased	<b>And</b>	Recent (within the past 3 weeks) lab evidence of influenza in region with the outbreaks; virus activity is no greater than sporadic in other regions
	<b>OR</b>		
<b>Regional</b>	Increased ILI in less than half of the regions (2 or less)	<b>And</b>	Recent (within the past 3 weeks) lab confirmed influenza in the affected regions
	<b>OR</b>		
<b>Regional</b>	Institutional outbreaks (ILI or lab confirmed) in less than half of the regions (2 or less)	<b>And</b>	Recent (within the past 3 weeks) lab confirmed influenza in the affected regions
	<b>OR</b>		
<b>Widespread</b>	Increased ILI and/or institutional outbreaks (ILI or lab confirmed) in at least 3 of the 5 regions	<b>And</b>	Recent (within the past 3 weeks) lab confirmed influenza in the state.

\*Influenza-like illness: Fever ( $\geq 100^{\circ}\text{F}$  [ $37.8^{\circ}\text{C}$ ], oral or equivalent) and cough and/or sore throat (in the absence of a known cause other than influenza)

<sup>†</sup> Lab confirmed case = case confirmed by rapid diagnostic test, antigen detection, culture, or PCR. Care should be given when relying on results of point of care rapid diagnostic test kits during times when influenza is not circulating widely. The sensitivity and specificity of these tests vary and the predicative value positive may be low outside the time of peak influenza activity. Therefore, at the start of the season, NMDOH uses lab confirmation by PCR or culture to declare the presence of lab-confirmed influenza in the state. Positivity by other lab methods is recognized and tracked as another influenza activity indicator as the season progresses.

<sup>‡</sup> Institution includes nursing home, hospital, prison, school, etc.

\*\*Region: population under surveillance in a defined geographical subdivision of a state. A region could be comprised of 1 or more counties and would be based on each state's specific circumstances. In New Mexico, the NMDOH regions are: **Northwest Region**—San Juan, McKinley, and Cibola counties; **Northeast Region**—Los Alamos, Rio Arriba, Taos, Colfax, Union, Mora, Harding, Santa Fe, San Miguel and Guadalupe counties; **Metro Region** — Bernalillo, Sandoval, Torrance and Valencia counties; **Southeast Region** —Quay, Curry, DeBaca, Lincoln, Roosevelt, Chaves, Eddy and Lea counties, and **Southwest Region** —Socorro, Catron, Grant, Sierra, Otero, Dona Ana, Luna and Hidalgo counties.