

# **Epidemiology and Response Division**

# NEW MEXICO INFLUENZA SURVEILLANCE UPDATE 2008-2009 Influenza Season

Week Ending	Activity Level	
11/22/08 (MMWR 47)	No Activity	

NMDOH reported the state influenza activity as "**No Activity**" to the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) (see table on page 3 for definitions). As of September 28th, the Scientific Lab Division (SLD) has received 75 culture specimens. No final culture has isolated influenza.

## Summary of Influenza Surveillance in NM for Week Ending 11/22/08<sup>1</sup>:

Twenty-one of the 26 sentinel provider sites reporting:

- total of 5,674 patient visits seen for any reason,
- 73 (1.3%) were positive for influenza-like illness (ILI)<sup>2</sup>, and
- previous week (ending November 15th) reported 1.1 % influenza-like illness.

#### **Summary of Sentinel Laboratory Influenza Testing in NM:**

Period of 2008-2009 Influenza Season	Number of Tests Performed**	Positive Type A (n,%)	Positive Type B (n,%)	Positive Type Unknown <sup>3</sup> (n,%)	Total Positive All Types (n,%)
Week ending 11/22/08 (27 of 32 labs reporting)	144	1 (0.7%)	1 (0.7%)	0 (0.5%)	2 (1.4%)
Cumulative as of 9/28/08	1042	31 (3.0%)	8 (0.8%)	1 (0.1%)	40 (3.8%)

<sup>\*\*</sup>Includes rapid antigen and immunofluorescence testing (i.e., direct fluorescent antibody staining)

Note: The sensitivity and specificity of point of care rapid diagnostic tests vary during times when influenza is not circulating widely. The NM Influenza Surveillance Program expects some false positive rapid diagnostic results outside the time of peak influenza activity (i.e., beginning and end of season). The first NM laboratory confirmed case of the influenza season is based on a positive viral culture result.

#### **Influenza-Related Pediatric Mortality:**

There were no cases of influenza-related pediatric deaths reported by any state to CDC for week ending 11/22/08. Last season, NM reported one pediatric influenza-related death.

#### Influenza Activity, Mountain Region and Bordering States, Week Ending 11/22/08:

State	<b>Activity Level</b>	State	Activity Level	
Montana	None	Arizona	Sporadic	
Idaho	Sporadic	Utah	Sporadic	
Wyoming	Sporadic	Nevada	Sporadic	
Colorado	Sporadic	Texas	Sporadic	
New Mexico	None	Oklahoma	None	

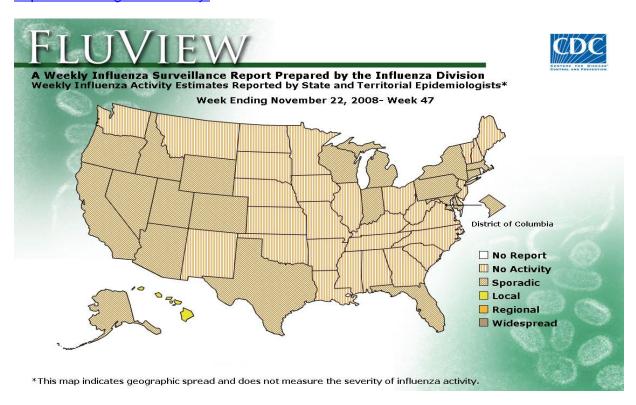
Weekly ILI and lab data may change as additional reports are compiled.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Influenza-like Activity (ILI) is defined as Fever (≥ 100°F [37.8° C], oral or equivalent) AND cough and/or sore throat in absence of a KNOWN cause other than influenza.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Some rapid influenza tests cannot differentiate between types A and B.

#### National Flu Surveillance and Laboratory Activity, Week Ending 11/22/08:

**Flu Activity:** Nationwide, for the week ending 11/22/08, 1.3% of patient visits to U.S. sentinel providers were due to ILI, which is below the national baseline of 2.4%. Refer to map below for state by state reported activity. More information on national surveillance can be found at: http://www.cdc.gov/flu/weekly/.



**Laboratory Activity**: During this same week, the World Health Organization (WHO) and National Respiratory and Enteric Virus Surveillance System (NREVSS) laboratories reported 2,080 specimens tested for influenza viruses, 52 (2.5%) of which were positive: ten influenza A (H1) viruses, 26 influenza A viruses that were not subtyped and 16 influenza B viruses. Antigenic characterization on a limited number of A/H1 and influenza B virus samples have shown sufficient antigenic match to the strains in the 2008-2009 vaccine.

Information on available influenza vaccination clinics can be found at a website maintained by the New Mexico Influenza Vaccine Consortium:

http://www.nmmra.org/nmivc/cliniclist.php

This information is collected by the Influenza Sentinel Surveillance Program, Infectious Disease Epidemiology Bureau, Epidemiology Response Division, NMDOH. For questions, please call 505-827-0006.

For more information on influenza go to the NMDOH web page: <a href="http://www.health.state.nm.us/flu/">http://www.health.state.nm.us/flu/</a> or the CDC web page: <a href="http://www.cdc.gov/ncidod/diseases/flu/fluvirus.htm">http://www.cdc.gov/ncidod/diseases/flu/fluvirus.htm</a>

#### **Table: Influenza Activity Levels**

<b>Activity Level</b>	ILI activity*/Outbreaks		Laboratory data	
No activity	Low	And	No lab confirmed cases <sup>†</sup>	
	Not increased	And	Isolated lab-confirmed cases	
Sporadic			OR	
	Not increased	And	Lab confirmed outbreak in one institution <sup>‡</sup>	
	Increased ILI in 1 region**;		Recent (within the past 3 weeks) lab	
	ILI activity in other regions	And	evidence of influenza in region with	
	is not increased	7	increased ILI	
			OR	
Local	2 or more institutional		Recent (within the past 3 weeks) lab	
	outbreaks (ILI or lab		evidence of influenza in region with the	
	confirmed) in 1 region; ILI	And	outbreaks; virus activity is no greater than	
	activity in other regions is		sporadic in other regions	
	not increased		·	
	Increased ILI in ≥2 but		Recent (within the past 3 weeks) lab	
	less than half of the	And	confirmed influenza in the affected regions	
Regional	regions			
(doesn't apply	OR			
to states with	Institutional outbreaks (ILI		Recent (within the past 3 weeks) lab	
≤4 regions)	or lab confirmed) in ≥2 and	And	confirmed influenza in the affected regions	
	less than half of the			
	regions			
Widespread	Increased ILI and/or		Recent (within the past 3 weeks) lab confirmed influenza in the state.	
	institutional outbreaks (ILI or lab confirmed) in at	And	Commined iniluenza in the State.	
	least half of the regions			

<sup>\*</sup>Influenza-like illness: Fever (≥ 100°F [37.8°C], oral or equivalent) and cough and/or sore throat (in the absence of a known

cause other than influenza)

† Lab confirmed case = case confirmed by rapid diagnostic test, antigen detection, culture, or PCR. Care should be given when relying on results of point of care rapid diagnostic test kits during times when influenza is not circulating widely. The sensitivity and specificity of these tests vary and the predicative value positive may be low outside the time of peak influenza activity. Therefore, a state may wish to obtain laboratory confirmation of influenza by testing methods other than point of care rapid tests for reporting the first laboratory confirmed case of influenza of the season.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>‡</sup>Institution includes nursing home, hospital, prison, school, etc.

<sup>\*\*</sup>Region: population under surveillance in a defined geographical subdivision of a state. A region could be comprised of 1 or more counties and would be based on each state's specific circumstances. Depending on the size of the state, the number of regions could range from 2 to approximately 12. The definition of regions would be left to the state but existing state health districts could be used in many states. Allowing states to define regions would avoid somewhat arbitrary county lines and allow states to make divisions that make sense based on geographic population clusters. Focusing on regions larger than counties would also improve the likelihood that data needed for estimating activity would be available.

### Influenza Surveillance Graphs— 2008-2009 Season:

