Health Status of New Mexico 2016

December 16, 2016
NM Urban-Rural County Classification

- Metropolitan Counties
- Small Metro Counties
- Mixed Urban/Rural Counties
- Rural Counties
NM Adults Living in Households with Annual Income of Less Than $20,000, By Health Region
New Mexico, 2015

Source: NM Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System
NM Adults Age 65+ Living in Households with Annual Income of Less Than $20,000, By Health Region
New Mexico, 2015

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Region</th>
<th>Percentage</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Northwest Region</td>
<td>36.9%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Northeast Region</td>
<td>28.2%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Metro Region</td>
<td>18.5%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Southeast Region</td>
<td>33.3%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Southwest Region</td>
<td>35.4%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Source: NM Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System
NM Adults Living in Households with Annual Income of Less Than $20,000, by Age Group

New Mexico, 2015

Source: NM Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System
NM Adults Living in Households with Annual Income of Less Than $20,000 by Urban and Rural Counties
New Mexico, 2015

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Category</th>
<th>Percentage</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Metropolitan</td>
<td>20.3%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Small Metro</td>
<td>28.6%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mixed Urban/Rural</td>
<td>31.2%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rural</td>
<td>25.3%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Source: NM Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System
NM Adults With Less Than a High School Education, By Health Region

New Mexico, 2015

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Region</th>
<th>Percentage</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Northwest Region</td>
<td>19.2%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Northeast Region</td>
<td>15.1%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Metro Region</td>
<td>14.2%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Southeast Region</td>
<td>22.5%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Southwest Region</td>
<td>20.8%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Source: NM Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System
NM Adults Age 65+ With Less Than a High School Education, By Health Region
New Mexico, 2015

Percentage

Northwest Region: 23.0%
Northeast Region: 13.9%
Metro Region: 14.9%
Southeast Region: 29.0%
Southwest Region: 28.1%

Source: NM Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System
NM Adults With Less Than a High School Education, by Age Group

New Mexico, 2015

- Age 18 - 64: 16.6%
- Age 65+: 19.7%

Source: NM Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System
NM Adults With Less Than a High School Education, by Urban and Rural Counties
New Mexico, 2015

Source: NM Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System
NM Adults Without Health Care Coverage, By Health Region

New Mexico, 2015

Source: NM Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System
NM Adults Age 65+ Without Health Care Coverage, By Health Region

New Mexico, 2015

Statewide:
98.4% of adults age 65+ had coverage.

93.5% of Adults age 65+ were covered by Medicare

Percentage

100%
80%
60%
40%
20%
0%

1.6% 0.9% 1.4% 2.4% 2.3%

Northwest Region  Northeast Region  Metro Region  Southeast Region  Southwest Region

In 2015, Medicare provided coverage to 93.5% of adults age 65+.

Source: NM Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System
NM Adults Age 18-64 Without Health Care Coverage, By Health Region
New Mexico, 2015

Source: NM Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System
NM Adults Without Health Care Coverage, by Age Group
New Mexico, 2015

Statewide: 98.4% of adults age 65+ had coverage.
93.5% of adults age 65+ were covered by Medicare.

Source: NM Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System
NM Adults Without Health Care Coverage, by Urban and Rural Counties
New Mexico, 2015

- Metropolitan: 10.6%
- Small Metro: 11.4%
- Mixed Urban/Rural: 10.5%
- Rural: 10.3%

Source: NM Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System
Percentage of Adults with Fair or Poor General Health Status

New Mexico and U.S., 1995-2015

*Addition of Cellular Telephones & New Weighting Process

Source: NM Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System
Adults with Fair or Poor General Health Status by Household Income
New Mexico, 2015

Adults with Fair or Poor General Health Status by Educational Attainment
New Mexico, 2015

Source: NM Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System
NM Adults in Fair or Poor General Health Status, by Age Group
New Mexico, 2015

Source: NM Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System
Percentage of Adults with Fair or Poor General Health Status by Race/Ethnicity
New Mexico, 2015

American Indian, Alaska Native: 20.8%
Asian, Pacific Islander: **
Black, African American: 26.2%
Hispanic: 26.8%
White: 14.5%

** Insufficient Sample Size
Source: NM Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System
Percentage of Adults with Fair or Poor General Health Status, By Health Region

New Mexico, 2015

Source: NM Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System
Adults in Fair or Poor General Health Status by Urban and Rural Counties

New Mexico, 2015

Source: NM Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System
Current Smoking
New Mexico and U.S., 2000-2015

Percentage


New Mexico U.S.

* Addition of Cellular Telephones & New Weighting Process
Source: NM Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System
Current Smoking by Household Income
New Mexico, 2015

Current Smoking by Educational Attainment
New Mexico, 2015

Source: NM Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System
Current Smoking, by Age Group
New Mexico, 2015

- **Age 18 - 64**: 19.3%
- **Age 65+**: 10.8%

*Source: NM Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System*
Current Smoking by Race/Ethnicity
New Mexico, 2015

American Indian, Alaska Native: 13.3%
Asian, Pacific Islander: ** Insufficient Sample Size
Black, African American: 32.8%
Hispanic: 18.1%
White: 16.5%

Source: NM Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System
Current Smoking By Health Region
New Mexico, 2015

Source: NM Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System
Current Smoking by Urban and Rural Counties
New Mexico, 2015

Source: NM Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System
Oral Health Visit Within Past Year
New Mexico and U.S., 2002-2014 (Even Years Only)

Percentage

New Mexico  U.S.


* Addition of Cellular Telephones & New Weighting Process

Source: NM Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System
Adults With an Oral Health Visit Within the Past Year by Annual Household Income
New Mexico, 2014

Adults With an Oral Health Visit Within the Past Year by Educational Attainment
New Mexico, 2014

Source: NM Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System
Adults With an Oral Health Visit Within the Past Year, by Age Group
New Mexico, 2014

Source: NM Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System
Adults With an Oral Health Visit Within the Past Year by Race/Ethnicity
New Mexico, 2014

- **American Indian, Alaska Native**: 59.5%
- **Asian, Pacific Islander**: 55.2%
- **Black, African American**: 56.0%
- **Hispanic**: 56.0%
- **White**: 67.1%

**Insufficient Sample Size**

*Source: NM Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System*
Adults With an Oral Health Visit Within the Past Year, By Health Region

New Mexico, 2014

Percentage

Northwest Region 66.2% 64.0% 53.1% 59.5%
Northeast Region 56.7% 66.2% 64.0% 53.1%
Metro Region 64.0% 64.0% 53.1% 59.5%
Southeast Region 53.1% 53.1% 53.1% 59.5%
Southwest Region 59.5% 59.5% 59.5% 59.5%

Source: NM Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System
Adults With an Oral Health Visit Within the Past Year by Urban and Rural Counties
New Mexico, 2014

Source: NM Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System
NM Adults Who Were Obese BMI $\geq 30$
New Mexico and U.S., 1995-2015

* Addition of Cellular Telephones & New Weighting Process
Source: NM Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System
NM Adults Who Were Obese BMI $\geq 30$ by Household Income
New Mexico, 2015

Source: NM Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System Survey
NM Adults Who Were Obese BMI $\geq$ 30 by Educational Attainment

New Mexico, 2015

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Educational Attainment</th>
<th>Percentage</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Below High School</td>
<td>35.0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>High School or GED</td>
<td>30.3%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Some College or Tech</td>
<td>29.8%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>College Graduate</td>
<td>21.1%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Source: NM Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System
NM Adults Who Were Obese BMI ≥ 30 by Age Group
New Mexico, 2015

Source: NM Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System
NM Adults Who Were Obese BMI ≥ 30 by Race/Ethnicity
New Mexico, 2015

American Indian, Alaska Native: 36.7%
Asian, Pacific Islander: **
Black, African American: 38.5%
Hispanic: 33.1%
White: 23.3%

** Insufficient Sample Size
Source: NM Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System
NM Adults Who Were Obese BMI ≥ 30 by Health Region
New Mexico, 2015

Source: NM Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System
NM Adults Who Were Obese BMI $\geq 30$
by Urban and Rural Counties
New Mexico, 2015

Source: NM Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System
NM Adults Binge Drinking at Least Once in Past 30 Days
New Mexico and U.S., 2001-2015

Definition of Binge Drinking
Males: 5+ drinks on an occasion, at least once in the past 30 days.
Females: 4+ drinks on an occasion, at least once in the past 30 days.

* Addition of Cellular Telephones & New Weighting Process
Source: NM Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System
NM Adults Binge Drinking at Least Once in Past 30 Days by Gender and Household Income
New Mexico, 2015

Source: NM Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System
NM Adults Binge Drinking at Least Once in Past 30 Days by Gender and Educational Attainment

New Mexico, 2015

Source: NM Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System
NM Adults Binge Drinking at Least Once in Past 30 Days by Gender and Age Group
New Mexico, 2015

Source: NM Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System
NM Adults Binge Drinking at Least Once in Past 30 Days by Gender and Race/Ethnicity
New Mexico, 2015

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Race/Ethnicity</th>
<th>Males</th>
<th>Females</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>American Indian, Alaska Native</td>
<td>7.5%</td>
<td>16.9%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Asian, Pacific Islander</td>
<td>**</td>
<td>**</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Black, African American</td>
<td>**</td>
<td>**</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hispanic</td>
<td>8.4%</td>
<td>19.6%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>White</td>
<td>8.8%</td>
<td>15.8%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

** Insufficient Sample Size

Source: NM Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System
NM Adults Binge Drinking at Least Once in Past 30 Days by Gender and Health Region

New Mexico, 2015

Source: NM Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System
NM Adults Binge Drinking at Least Once in Past 30 Days by Gender and Urban/Rural Counties

New Mexico, 2015

Source: NM Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System
NM Adults With Diagnosed Diabetes
New Mexico and U.S., 1995-2015

* Addition of Cellular Telephones & New Weighting Process
Source: NM Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System
NM Adults With Diagnosed Diabetes by Household Income
New Mexico, 2015

Source: NM Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System
NM Adults With Diagnosed Diabetes by Educational Attainment
New Mexico, 2015

Source: NM Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System
NM Adults With Diagnosed Diabetes by Age Group
New Mexico, 2015

Source: NM Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System
NM Adults With Diagnosed Diabetes by Race/Ethnicity
New Mexico, 2015

** Insufficient Sample Size

Source: NM Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System
NM Adults With Diagnosed Diabetes by Health Region
New Mexico, 2015

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Region</th>
<th>Percentage</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Northwest Region</td>
<td>13.1%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Northeast Region</td>
<td>10.7%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Metro Region</td>
<td>11.0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Southeast Region</td>
<td>12.0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Southwest Region</td>
<td>12.1%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Source: NM Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System
NM Adults With Diagnosed Diabetes by Urban and Rural Counties
New Mexico, 2015

Source: NM Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System
Adults With Frequent Mental Distress
New Mexico and U.S., 2003-2015

Frequent Mental Distress: Self-report that mental health was ‘not good’ for 6 or more of the past 30 days.

* Addition of Cellular Telephones & New Weighting Process
Source: NM Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System
Adults With Frequent Mental Distress by Household Income
New Mexico, 2015

Frequent Mental Distress: Self-report that mental health was ‘not good’ for 6 or more of the past 30 days.

Source: NM Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System
Adults With Frequent Mental Distress by Educational Attainment
New Mexico, 2015

Percentage

0% 20% 40% 60% 80% 100%

Below High School: 21.9%
High School or GED: 14.6%
Some College or Tech: 16.4%
College Graduate: 14.2%

Source: NM Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System
Adults With Frequent Mental Distress by Age Group
New Mexico, 2015

Source: NM Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System
Adults With Frequent Mental Distress by Race/Ethnicity

New Mexico, 2015

- American Indian, Alaska Native: 17.0%
- Asian, Pacific Islander: **Insufficient Sample Size**
- Black, African American: 22.7%
- Hispanic: 17.0%
- White: 15.4%

** Source: NM Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System **
Adults With Frequent Mental Distress by Health Region
New Mexico, 2015

Source: NM Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System
Adults With Frequent Mental Distress by Urban and Rural Counties
New Mexico, 2015

- Metropolitan: 14.2%
- Small Metro: 18.0%
- Mixed Urban/Rural: 17.8%
- Rural: 20.3%

Source: NM Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System
Adults With Frequent Mental Distress by Number of Chronic Health Conditions
New Mexico, 2015

- None: 12.1%
- One: 18.5%
- Two: 21.4%
- Three or More: 32.7%

Chronic Health Conditions include: history of MI, history of stroke, heart disease, asthma, COPD, cancer, chronic kidney disease, arthritis, or diabetes.

Source: NM Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System
Alcohol and Drug Use, Grades 9 – 12
New Mexico and U.S., 2015

Percentage

New Mexico  U.S.

14.6% 17.7%
20.1% 17.2%
25.3% 21.7%
8.8% 5.2%

Binge drinking*
First alcohol use before age 13*
Current marijuana use*
Lifetime cocaine use*

* Statistically significant difference
Source: NM Youth Risk and Resiliency Survey (YRRS).
Current Drinking by Health Region, Grades 9-12
New Mexico, 2015

Source: NM Youth Risk and Resiliency Survey (YRRS).
Current Drinking by Urban and Rural Status, Grades 9-12
New Mexico, 2015

Source: NM Youth Risk and Resiliency Survey (YRRS).
Binge Drinking by Health Region, Grades 9-12
New Mexico, 2015

Percentage

Northwest Region 11.4%
Northeast Region 15.6%
Metro Region 12.2%
Southeast Region 15.6%
Southwest Region 17.4%

Source: NM Youth Risk and Resiliency Survey (YRRS).
Binge Drinking by Urban and Rural Status, Grades 9-12
New Mexico, 2015

Source: NM Youth Risk and Resiliency Survey (YRRS).
Current Cigarette Smoking
Grades 9-12
New Mexico and U.S., 2005 - 2015

Percentage

New Mexico vs. U.S.

Source: NM Youth Risk and Resiliency Survey (YRRS).
Current Cigarette Smoking by Health Region, Grades 9-12
New Mexico, 2015

Source: NM Youth Risk and Resiliency Survey (YRRS).
Any Tobacco Use* by Health Region, Grades 9-12
New Mexico, 2015

Source: NM Youth Risk and Resiliency Survey (YRRS).

*Any tobacco use: Past 30-day use of cigarettes, cigars, spit tobacco, or hookah.
Any Tobacco Use
Grades 9-12
New Mexico, 2005 - 2015

Source: NM Youth Risk and Resiliency Survey (YRRS).
Current Marijuana Use by Health Region, Grades 9-12
New Mexico, 2015

Source: NM Youth Risk and Resiliency Survey (YRRS).
Current Marijuana Use by Urban and Rural Status, Grades 9-12
New Mexico, 2015

Source: NM Youth Risk and Resiliency Survey (YRRS).
Current Cocaine Use by Health Region, Grades 9-12
New Mexico, 2015

Source: NM Youth Risk and Resiliency Survey (YRRS).
Current Cocaine Use by Urban and Rural Counties, Grades 9-12
New Mexico, 2015

Source: NM Youth Risk and Resiliency Survey (YRRS).
Suicide Attempts and Suicidal Ideation by Gender, Grades 9 – 12
New Mexico and U.S., 2015

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Persistent feelings of sadness and hopelessness</th>
<th>Girls</th>
<th>Boys</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Serious considered suicide</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Made a suicide plan</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Suicide attempt</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Suicide attempt resulting in injury</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Source: NM Youth Risk and Resiliency Survey (YRRS).
Suicide Attempts by Health Region and Gender, Grades 9-12
New Mexico, 2015

Source: NM Youth Risk and Resiliency Survey (YRRS).
Suicide Attempts
by Urban and Rural Counties, Grades 9-12
New Mexico, 2015

Source: NM Youth Risk and Resiliency Survey (YRRS).
Forced Sexual Intercourse
Grades 9-12
New Mexico and U.S., 2005 - 2015

Source: NM Youth Risk and Resiliency Survey (YRRS).
Forced Sexual Intercourse by Health Region, Grades 9-12
New Mexico, 2015

Source: NM Youth Risk and Resiliency Survey (YRRS).
Forced Sexual Intercourse by Urban and Rural Counties, Grades 9-12
New Mexico, 2015

Source: NM Youth Risk and Resiliency Survey (YRRS).
Selected Risk Behaviors by Sexual Orientation, Grades 9-12
New Mexico, 2015

- Physical fighting: 24.1% (LGB) vs. 36.4% (Straight)
- Bullied at school: 16.1% (LGB) vs. 32.1% (Straight)
- Skipped school due to safety issues: 6.1% (LGB) vs. 16.0% (Straight)
- Current cigarette smoking: 9.5% (LGB) vs. 24.6% (Straight)
- Binge drinking: 12.9% (LGB) vs. 24.3% (Straight)
- Used painkiller to get high: 5.3% (LGB) vs. 23.6% (Straight)

Source: NM Youth Risk and Resiliency Survey (YRRS).
Selected Risk Behaviors by Country of Birth, Grades 9-12
New Mexico, 2015

- Used painkiller to get high: Born in US 6.9%, Foreign born 18.3%
- Binge drinking: Born in US 13.6%, Foreign born 23.6%
- Current cigarette smoking: Born in US 10.9%, Foreign born 16.2%
- Skipped school because of safety concerns: Born in US 16.6%, Foreign born 16.6%
- Bullied on school property: Born in US 18.1%, Foreign born 21.7%
- In a physical fight: Born in US 24.5%, Foreign born 31.8%

Source: NM Youth Risk and Resiliency Survey (YRRS).
Selected Risk Behaviors by Family Relationships, Grades 9-12
New Mexico, 2015

In my home, a parent or other adult is interested in my school work.

- In a physical fight
- Bullied on school property
- Skipped school because of safety concerns
- Current cigarette smoking
- Binge drinking
- Used a pain killer to get high
- Sexually active

Source: NM Youth Risk and Resiliency Survey (YRRS).
Academic Success by Selected Risk Behaviors, Grades 9-12
New Mexico, 2015

Percent earning mostly A’s in school

Without risk behavior  |  With risk behavior
---|---
In a physical fight  |  27.2%  |  42.0%
Skipped school because of safety concerns  |  27.8%  |  39.0%
Current cigarette smoking  |  18.7%  |  41.1%
Binge drinking  |  25.0%  |  40.9%
Used a pain killer to get high  |  49.1%  |  39.8%
Sexually active  |  32.7%  |  41.2%

Source: NM Youth Risk and Resiliency Survey (YRRS).
Academic Success by Parent’s Education, Grades 9-12
New Mexico, 2015

Percentage who got mostly A's

- Less than high school: 31.5%
- High school graduate: 37.7%
- College or professional school: 49.8%

Source: NM Youth Risk and Resiliency Survey (YRRS).
Used Painkillers to Get High by Parent’s Education, Grades 9-12
New Mexico, 2015

Percentages:
- Less than high school: 9.4%
- High school graduate: 8.1%
- College or professional school: 5.2%

Source: NM Youth Risk and Resiliency Survey (YRRS).
Unstable Housing by Health Region, Grades 9-12
New Mexico, 2015

Percentage

0% 5% 10% 15% 20% 25%

Northwest Region 7.4%
Northeast Region 5.7%
Metro Region 5.3%
Southeast Region 5.6%
Southwest Region 7.2%

Source: NM Youth Risk and Resiliency Survey (YRRS).
Unstable Housing by Urban and Rural Counties, Grades 9-12
New Mexico, 2015

Source: NM Youth Risk and Resiliency Survey (YRRS).
Selected Risk Behaviors by Housing Stability, Grades 9-12
New Mexico, 2015

Forced sexual intercourse: 6.3% Stable housing, 21.7% Unstable housing
In a physical fight: 2.3% Stable housing, 23.6% Unstable housing
Bullied on school property: 6.3% Stable housing, 17.6% Unstable housing
Skipped school because safety concerns: 9.7% Stable housing, 12.8% Unstable housing
Current smoking: 4.1% Stable housing, 41.5% Unstable housing
Binge drinking: 5.8% Stable housing, 43.2% Unstable housing
Took a pain killer to get high: 1.0% Stable housing, 40.1% Unstable housing
Current heroin use: 0.0% Stable housing, 30.6% Unstable housing

Source: NM Youth Risk and Resiliency Survey (YRRS).
Pregnancy Intention among Women with Live Births, NM, 2008-2014

* 2012 and 2013 was measured differently from preceding years, since it included a third option, ‘did not know’
Source: NM Pregnancy Risk Assessment Monitoring System, NMDOH
Preconception Contraceptive Use among Women with Live Births*,
NM, 2008-2014

*Among women not trying to get pregnant
Source: NM Pregnancy Risk Assessment Monitoring System, NMDOH
Daily Preconception Multivitamin/Folic Acid Use among Women with Live Births, NM 2008-2014

Source: NM Pregnancy Risk Assessment Monitoring System, NMDOH
Diabetes among Women with Live Births
NM, 2009-2014

Source: NM Pregnancy Risk Assessment Monitoring System, NMDOH
Breastfeeding Initiation and Early Duration among Women with Live Births, NM, 2008-2014

Source: NM Pregnancy Risk Assessment Monitoring System, NMDOH
Healthcare Provider Influenza Vaccination Rates
New Mexico, 2012 - 2015

Source: NMDOH Healthcare-associated Infections Program – 30 inpatient healthcare facilities in New Mexico; reporting is voluntary. Healthy People 2020 goal is 90%.
Measles
New Mexico, 1985-2015

- 1989 – Two dose schedule approved
- 1991 & 1995 - Documented outbreaks
- 2007 – 1 imported case at Intel International Science Fair
- 2011 – 4 sporadic cases (3 were imported)
- 2012 – 2 siblings in Rio Arriba County with unknown exposure source

Includes confirmed and probable cases, Source: NMDOH Infectious Disease Epidemiology Bureau.
Invasive Bacterial Infection Rates by Pathogen, 

Sources: New Mexico – NMDOH Infectious Disease Epidemiology Bureau, Active Bacterial Core Surveillance Program (ABCs); US Estimate – Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Active Bacterial Core Surveillance Report, Emerging Infections Program Network, *Streptococcus pneumoniae*, 2010-2014.
Burden of Invasive Bacterial* Disease by Race/Ethnicity†,
New Mexico, 2011–2015

*Streptococcus pneumoniae (SPN), Haemophilus influenzae (HFLU), Neisseria meningitidis (NMEN), group A Streptococcus (GAS) and group B Streptococcus (GBS)
†10% of cases missing race/ethnicity information;
Source: New Mexico – NMDOH Infectious Disease Epidemiology Bureau, Active Bacterial Core Surveillance Program (ABCs) 2010-2014
Invasive *Streptococcus pneumoniae* Rates
New Mexico and U.S., 2011–2015

**Sources:** New Mexico – NMDOH Infectious Disease Epidemiology Bureau, Active Bacterial Core Surveillance Program (ABCs); US Estimate – Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Active Bacterial Core Surveillance Report, Emerging Infections Program Network, *Streptococcus pneumoniae*, 2010-2014.
Invasive *Streptococcus pneumoniae* Rates by Urban-Rural, New Mexico, 2011–2015

Sources: New Mexico – NMDOH Infectious Disease Epidemiology Bureau, Active Bacterial Core Surveillance Program (ABCs); US Estimate – Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Active Bacterial Core Surveillance Report, Emerging Infections Program Network, *Streptococcus pneumoniae*, 2010-2014.
Hepatitis A Rates
New Mexico and United States, 1995-2014

Includes confirmed and probable cases, Sources: New Mexico – NMDOH Infectious Disease Epidemiology Bureau; United States – Centers for Disease Control & Prevention, Summary of Notifiable Diseases, United States (2014 data not available)
Source: NM Electronic Disease Surveillance System and ; United States – Centers for Disease Control & Prevention, Summary of Notifiable Diseases, United States, 2014 US rate is provisional.
Pertussis Rates in Infants
<6 Months of Age
New Mexico, 2006-2015

Rate per 100,000 Population

Source: NM Electronic Disease Surveillance System and University of New Mexico (UNM) Geospatial and Population Studies (GPS) Program
Influenza-related Hospitalization Rates by Age
New Mexico, 2011-2015

Source: Influenza Hospitalization Network (FluSurv-NET) and University of New Mexico (UNM) Geospatial and Population Studies (GPS) Program
Pneumonia and Influenza Deaths by Year
New Mexico, 2012-2015

Deaths

2012-2013: 271 Pneumonia, 21 Influenza
2013-2014: 259 Pneumonia, 39 Influenza
2014-2015: 245 Pneumonia, 31 Influenza
2015-2016: 191 Pneumonia, 30 Influenza
Pneumonia and Influenza Deaths by Age
New Mexico, 2015-2016 Season

Deaths

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Age Group</th>
<th>Influenza</th>
<th>Pneumonia</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0 to 4 yrs</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5 to 24 yrs</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>25 to 49 yrs</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>50 to 64 yrs</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>19</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>65+ yrs</td>
<td>16</td>
<td>158</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Influenza-like Illness (ILI) Visits,
New Mexico and United States,
2015-2016 Season

% of Visits for ILI

New Mexico
U.S.
National Baseline
Human Plague Cases by State
United States, 1970 - 2015

NM  53%
AZ  14%
CO  12%
CA  9%
UT  3%
Others 9%

CDC confirmed cases
N = 474

Source: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention
Human Plague Cases
New Mexico, 1949-2015

Number of Cases

N = 275

Source: NMDOH Infectious Disease Epidemiology Bureau
Acute Hepatitis B Rates,

*New Mexico rates are based on less than 20 cases per year. Rates based on fewer than 20 events can be unstable and should be interpreted with caution. Includes confirmed cases only. Sources: New Mexico – NMDOH Infectious Disease Epidemiology Bureau; United States – Centers for Disease Control & Prevention, Division of Viral Hepatitis.
Hepatitis C Hospitalizations*
New Mexico, 2011-2015

*Data from HIDD using ICD9 & ICD 10 codes Acute Hepatitis C: (ICD-9-CM) 070.41, 070.51 – (ICD-10-CM) B17.1, B17.10, B17.11 Chronic Hepatitis C: (ICD-9-CM) 070.44, 070.54 – (ICD-10-CM) B18.2 Unspecified Hepatitis C: (ICD-9-CM) 070.7, 070.70, 070.71 – (ICD-10-CM) B19.2, B19.20, B19.21. Please note that the hepatitis C total hospitalizations does not add up to the total of Acute, Unspecified, and Chronic as there is the potential for a hospitalization to have more than one diagnosis code for these three types of hepatitis C. Non-federal hospitalizations for New Mexico residents only.
Reported Acute & Chronic Hepatitis C Cases < 30 years old
New Mexico, 2009 - 2015

Source: New Mexico – NMDOH Infectious Disease Epidemiology Bureau. Includes probable and confirmed acute and chronic infections. Limitations: Data does not differentiate between past and current infection. Reported cases includes only cases tested, most likely this underestimates true burden of disease. Age represents age at diagnosis, which is likely to be older than age of infection.
TB Rates,
New Mexico and US, 2011 - 2015
TB Cases by Age Group,
New Mexico, 2015

- 0-14 years: 2%
- 15-24 years: 4%
- 25-44 years: 19%
- 45-64 years: 34%
- ≥ 65 years: 40%

Number of cases
TB Rates Among US Born vs Foreign Born Persons,

New Mexico, 2011 - 2015

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>US Born Rate</th>
<th>Foreign Born Rate</th>
</tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2011</td>
<td>1.3</td>
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<td>2014</td>
<td>1.1</td>
<td>13.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2015</td>
<td>1.2</td>
<td>12.2</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Chlamydia Rates,

Source: PRISM for NM Rates, CDC Surveillance Reports for U.S. Rates
Chlamydia Rates by Age Group
New Mexico, 2014 - 2015

Case rate per 100,000 Population

Age Group (years)
- <10
- 10 - 14
- 15 - 19
- 20 - 24
- 25 - 29
- 30 - 34
- 35 - 39
- 40 - 44
- 45 - 54
- 55 - 64
- ≥65

2014
2015
Chlamydia Rates by Race/Ethnicity
New Mexico, 2014 - 2015

Case rate per 100,000 Population

- Asian or Pacific Islander: 111.9 (2014), 142.6 (2015)
- Hispanic: 460.5 (2014), 492.7 (2015)
- White, non-Hispanic: 236.3 (2014), 276.6 (2015)
Gonorrhea Rates,
New Mexico and U.S., 1972 - 2015

Case rate per 100,000 Population

Year

Source: PRISM for NM Rates, CDC Surveillance Reports for US Rates
Gonorrhea Rates by Age Group
New Mexico, 2014 - 2015
Gonorrhea Rates by Race/Ethnicity
New Mexico, 2014 - 2015

Cases per 100,000 Population

- Asian or Pacific Islander: 24.8 (2014)
- Black/African American: 282.3 (2014)
- White, non-Hispanic: 56.2 (2014), 67.6 (2015)
Primary and Secondary Syphilis Rates,
New Mexico and U.S.,
1970 - 2015

Case rate per 100,000 Population

Year

Source: PRISM for NM Rates, CDC Surveillance Reports for U.S. Rates
Primary and Secondary Syphilis Cases by Sex,
New Mexico, 2000-2015

Case rate per 100,000 Population

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>NM Male P&amp;S Cases</th>
<th>NM Female P&amp;S Cases</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2000</td>
<td>11</td>
<td>5</td>
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<tr>
<td>2001</td>
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<td>2002</td>
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<td>2003</td>
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<td>2004</td>
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<td>2005</td>
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<td>2006</td>
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<td>2007</td>
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<td>2008</td>
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<tr>
<td>2009</td>
<td>55</td>
<td>6</td>
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<td>2010</td>
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<td>2011</td>
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<td>2012</td>
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<td>9</td>
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<td>2013</td>
<td>58</td>
<td>20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2014</td>
<td>113</td>
<td>14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2015</td>
<td>107</td>
<td>11</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Primary, Secondary, and Early Latent Syphilis Rates by Age Group, Males
New Mexico, 2014-2015

Case rate per 100,000 Population

0.0 10.0 20.0 30.0 40.0 50.0 60.0
<10 10 - 14 15 - 19 20 - 24 25 - 29 30 - 34 35 - 39 40 - 44 45 - 54 55 - 64 ≥ 65

2014 2015
Primary, Secondary, and Early Latent Syphilis Rates by Race/Ethnicity,
New Mexico 2014 – 2015

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Race/Ethnicity</th>
<th>Case rate per 100,000 Population</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>American Indian/Alaska Native</td>
<td>16.2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Asian or Pacific Islander</td>
<td>5.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Black/African American</td>
<td>30.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hispanic</td>
<td>8.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>White, non-Hispanic</td>
<td>4.6</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Percentage of Students Obese by Grade
New Mexico, 2010-2015

Source: New Mexico Childhood Obesity Surveillance System
Percentage of Students Overweight and Obese by Grade & Gender
New Mexico, 2015

Source: New Mexico Childhood Obesity Surveillance System
Percentage of Kindergarten Students Overweight and Obese by Race/Ethnicity

New Mexico, 2015

Source: New Mexico Childhood Obesity Surveillance System

*Due to small sample sizes, African American and Asian data have been aggregated to include 2014 and 2015 BMI results. Some estimates may fluctuate widely across time.

African American*
- Overweight: 8.8%
- Obese: 13.5%
- Overweight + Obese: 22.3%

American Indian
- Overweight: 16.0%
- Obese: 16.4%
- Overweight + Obese: 32.4%

Asian*
- Overweight: 6.0%
- Obese: 8.3%
- Overweight + Obese: 14.3%

Hispanic
- Overweight: 14.4%
- Obese: 13.0%
- Overweight + Obese: 27.4%

White
- Overweight: 12.8%
- Obese: 7.8%
- Overweight + Obese: 20.6%
Percentage of Third Grade Students Overweight and Obese by Race/Ethnicity
New Mexico, 2015

Source: New Mexico Childhood Obesity Surveillance System
*Due to small sample sizes, African American and Asian data have been aggregated to include 2014 and 2015 BMI results. Some estimates may fluctuate widely across time.
Child Asthma Hospitalization Rates
Ages 0-17 Years, New Mexico and U.S., 1999-2015

Source: New Mexico Department of Health (data via http://ibis.health.state.nm.us).
U.S.: CDC/NCHS, National Hospital Discharge Survey (discontinued in 2011).
NOTES: Includes asthma as first-listed ICD-9 diagnosis (493-493.92).
This series does not include Indian Health Service data.
Child Asthma Hospitalization Rates by Health Region
Ages 0-17 Years, New Mexico, 2011-2015

Source: New Mexico Department of Health (data via http://ibis.health.state.nm.us).
NOTES: Asthma as first-listed ICD-9 diagnosis (493-493.92).
This series does not include Indian Health Service data.
Child Asthma Hospitalization Rates by Urban and Rural Counties

Ages 0-17 Years, New Mexico, 2011-2015

- Rural Counties: 9.6
- Mixed Urban/Rural Counties: 19.1
- Small Metro Counties: 12.1
- Metropolitan Counties: 17.4

Hospitalizations per 10,000 Population

Source: New Mexico Department of Health (data via http://ibis.health.state.nm.us).
NOTES: Includes asthma as first-listed ICD-9 diagnosis (493-493.92).
This series does not include Indian Health Service data.
Elevated Blood Lead Levels* in Children under Age 6 Years, New Mexico, 2006-2015

*Elevated blood lead levels: >=10 µg/dL by venous test or 2 capillary tests within 12 weeks.

SOURCE: NM Environmental Health Epidemiology Bureau’s Environmental Public Health Tracking and Childhood Lead Poisoning Prevention Program
Spina Bifida without Anencephaly, New Mexico and U.S., 2000-2014


NOTE: Spina bifida is a neural tube defect, which can be prevented through a woman’s intake of folic acid during reproductive years.
Spina Bifida without Anencephaly
New Mexico and Colorado, 2008-2012

SOURCES: NM Environmental Health Epidemiology Bureau’s Birth Defects Prevention and Surveillance System; Colorado data: Colorado Birth Defects Registry.

NOTE: Spina bifida is a neural tube defect, which can be prevented through a woman’s intake of folic acid during reproductive years.
Occupational Injury Fatalities Per 100,000 Full-Time Equivalent Workers

New Mexico and U.S., 2001-2014

FTE rates for the United States are not available prior to 2006

Ambulatory Care Sensitive Condition Hospitalization Rates by Region
New Mexico, 2015

Rates have been age-adjusted to the standard U.S. 2000 population
Source: NM Enhanced Hospital Inpatient Discharge Data
Top Five Ambulatory Care Sensitive Condition Hospitalization Rates
New Mexico, 2015

Rates have been age-adjusted to the standard U.S. 2000 population
Source: Enhanced NM Hospital Inpatient Discharge Data
**Diabetes Hospitalizations by Region**

New Mexico, 2000-2002 and 2013-2015

Rates per 10,000 Population

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Northwest Region*</td>
<td>14.5</td>
<td>16.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Northeast Region*</td>
<td>12.2</td>
<td>14.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Metro Region*</td>
<td>9.9</td>
<td>12.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Southeast Region*</td>
<td>15.2</td>
<td>17.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Southwest Region*</td>
<td>12.4</td>
<td>14.2</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* The increase in rates, from earlier to later period, is statistically significant

Rates have been age-adjusted to the standard U.S. 2000 population

Source: NM Hospital Inpatient Discharge Data-Diabetes as primary diagnosis
Diabetes Hospitalizations by Urban and Rural Counties
New Mexico, 2000-2002 and 2013-2015

* The increase in rates, from earlier to later period, is statistically significant
Rat es have been age-adjusted to the standard U.S. 2000 population
Source: NM Hospital Inpatient Discharge Data - Diabetes as primary diagnosis
NM DALYs modelled using WHO’s DISMOD II software.
DALYs: Age 60+
New Mexico, 2015 and U.S., 2012

NM DALYs modelled using WHO’s DISMOD II software.
Teen Birth Rates
New Mexico and U.S., 2001-2015

Source: National Center for Health Statistics and NM Bureau of Vital Records and Health Statistics
Teen Birth Rates by Region
New Mexico, 2015

Source: NM Bureau of Vital Records and Health Statistics
Teen Birth Rates by Rural/Urban Categories, New Mexico, 2013-2015

- Rural: 13.4 (15-17), 20.6 (15-19), 41.0
- Mixed Urban-Rural: 19.3 (15-17), 27.3 (15-19), 51.6
- Small Metropolitan: 13.4 (15-17), 19.3 (15-19), 38.5
- Metropolitan: 15-17, 28.3 (15-19)

Source: NM Bureau of Vital Records and Health Statistics
Percent of Births to Single Women
New Mexico and U.S., 2001-2015

Source: NM Vital Records and Health Statistics; National Center for Health Statistics
Percent of Births to Single Women by Health Region
New Mexico, 2015

Source: NM Vital Records and Health Statistics
Life Expectancy from Birth by Sex,
New Mexico, 2015

Source: New Mexico Indicator-Based Information System (NM IBIS)
Life Expectancy from Birth by Race/Ethnicity
New Mexico, 2015

- American Indian, Alaska Native: 74.2 years
- Asian, Pacific Islander: 93.0 years
- Black, African American: 77.4 years
- Hispanic: 79.2 years
- White: 78.9 years

Source: New Mexico Indicator-Based Information System (NM IBIS)
Life Expectancy from Birth by Urban and Rural Counties
New Mexico, 2015

- Rural Counties: 77.4
- Mixed Urban/Rural Counties: 77.0
- Small Metro Counties: 79.5
- Metropolitan Counties: 79.1

Source: New Mexico Indicator-Based Information System (NM IBIS)
Life Expectancy from Birth

Expected Number of Years of Life

Source: New Mexico Indicator-Based Information System (NM IBIS); CDC
Life Expectancy from Birth by Health Region
New Mexico, 2015

Source: New Mexico Indicator-Based Information System (NM IBIS)
Life Expectancy Trend by Sex
New Mexico, 2001-2015

Source: New Mexico Indicator-Based Information System (NM IBIS)
Life Expectancy Trend by Race/Ethnicity
New Mexico, 2001-2015

Source: New Mexico Indicator-Based Information System (NM IBIS)
Infant Mortality Rates
New Mexico, 1930 - 2015 and U.S., 1930-2014

Source: NM Vital Records and Health Statistics; NCHS
Infant Mortality Rates by Health Region
New Mexico, 2015

Infant Deaths per 1,000 live births

- Northwest Region: 5.6
- Northeast Region: 3.6
- Metro Region: 5.2
- Southeast Region: 6.0
- Southwest Region: 4.8

Source: NM Vital Records and Health Statistics
Infant Mortality Rates by Urban and Rural Counties
New Mexico, 2013-2015

- Rural Counties: 7.8 infant deaths per 1,000 live births
- Mixed Urban/Rural Counties: 5.0 infant deaths per 1,000 live births
- Small Metro Counties: 5.0 infant deaths per 1,000 live births
- Metropolitan Counties: 5.6 infant deaths per 1,000 live births

Source: NM Vital Records and Health Statistics
Infant Mortality Rates by Race/Ethnicity
New Mexico, 2015

- American Indian, Alaska Native: 7.0
- Asian, Pacific Islander: 3.8
- Black, African American: 8.4
- Hispanic: 4.7
- White: 5.1

Source: NM Vital Records and Health Statistics
Total Deaths Rates

Rates have been age-adjusted to the standard U.S. 2000 population
Source: NM Vital Records and Health Statistics; CDC WONDER
Total Death Rates by Health Region
New Mexico, 2015

Deaths per 100,000 Population

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Region</th>
<th>Rate</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Northwest Region</td>
<td>842.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Northeast Region</td>
<td>715.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Metro Region</td>
<td>716.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Southeast Region</td>
<td>772.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Southwest Region</td>
<td>722.0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Rates have been age-adjusted to the standard U.S. 2000 population
Source: NM Vital Records and Health Statistics
Total Death Rates by Urban and Rural Counties
New Mexico, 2015

- Rural Counties: 766.8 deaths per 100,000 population
- Mixed Urban/Rural Counties: 827.8 deaths per 100,000 population
- Small Metro Counties: 656.1 deaths per 100,000 population
- Metropolitan Counties: 716.9 deaths per 100,000 population

Rates have been age-adjusted to the standard U.S. 2000 population
Source: NM Vital Records and Health Statistics
Total Death Rates by Race/Ethnicity and Sex
New Mexico, 2015

Rates have been age-adjusted to the standard U.S. 2000 population
Source: NM Vital Records and Health Statistics
Total Death Rates by Race/Ethnicity, Ages 0-24 Years
New Mexico, 2015

Deaths per 100,000 Population

- American Indian, Alaska Native: 127.1
- Asian, Pacific Islander: 50.7
- Black, African American: 81.0
- Hispanic: 65.7
- White: 68.5

Source: NM Vital Records and Health Statistics
Total Death Rates by Race/Ethnicity, Ages 25-64 Years
New Mexico, 2015

- American Indian, Alaska Native: 671.1
- Asian, Pacific Islander: 155.0
- Black, African American: 437.2
- Hispanic: 408.2
- White: 508.4

Deaths per 100,000 Population

Source: NM Vital Records and Health Statistics
Total Death Rates by Race/Ethnicity, Ages 65 Years and older
New Mexico, 2015

Deaths per 100,000 Population

- American Indian, Alaska Native: 3,540.1
- Asian, Pacific Islander: 1,906.6
- Black, African American: 4,150.0
- Hispanic: 3,550.0
- White: 3,733.9

Source: NM Vital Records and Health Statistics
# Top 8 Leading Causes of Death,
New Mexico, 2015 and U.S., 2014

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>New Mexico</th>
<th>Rank</th>
<th>United States</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Cancer</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Heart Disease</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Heart Disease</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>Cancer</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Accidents (unintentional injuries)</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>Chronic lower respiratory diseases</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chronic lower respiratory diseases</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>Accidents (unintentional injuries)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cerebrovascular diseases</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>Cerebrovascular diseases</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Diabetes mellitus</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>Alzheimer's disease</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chronic liver disease and cirrhosis</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>Diabetes mellitus</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Intentional self-harm (suicide)</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>Influenza and Pneumonia</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Source, New Mexico: Vital Records and Health Statistics
United States: National Center for Health Statistics (NCHS)
5 Leading Causes of Death
New Mexico, 2015, and U.S., 2014

Rates are age-adjusted to the standard U.S. 2000 population
Source: National Center for Health Statistics; NM Vital Records and Health Statistics
5 Leading Causes of Death
Northwest Region, 
New Mexico, 2015

Deaths per 100,000 Population

Cancer 143.7
Heart disease 128.2
Unintentional injury 87.5
CLDAC 45.5
Diabetes mellitus 40.0
5 Leading Causes of Death
Northeast Region,
New Mexico, 2015

Deaths per 100,000 Population

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Cause</th>
<th>Deaths per 100,000 Population</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Cancer</td>
<td>133.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Heart disease</td>
<td>129.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Unintentional injuries</td>
<td>77.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CLRD</td>
<td>37.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CVD</td>
<td>37.2</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Rates have been age-adjusted to the standard U.S. 2000 population
Source: NM Vital Records and Health Statistics
5 Leading Causes of Death
Metro Region, New Mexico, 2015

Deaths per 100,000 Population

- Cancer: 142.0
- Heart Disease: 135.9
- Unintentional injuries: 61.9
- CLRD: 45.7
- CVD: 34.0

Rates have been age-adjusted to the standard U.S. 2000 population
Source: NM Vital Records and Health Statistics
5 Leading Causes of Death
Southeast Region,
New Mexico, 2015

Deaths per 100,000 Population

- Heart disease: 167.4
- Cancer: 138.5
- CLRD: 67.4
- Unintentional injuries: 57.9
- Diabetes mellitus: 37.8

Rates have been age-adjusted to the standard U.S. 2000 population
Source: NM Vital Records and Health Statistics
5 Leading Causes of Death
Southwest Region,
New Mexico, 2015

Deaths per 100,000 Population

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Cause</th>
<th>Rate (Deaths per 100,000)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Cancer</td>
<td>152.8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Heart disease</td>
<td>151.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Unintentional injuries</td>
<td>55.8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CLRD</td>
<td>42.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CVD</td>
<td>27.8</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Rates have been age-adjusted to the standard U.S. 2000 population
Source: NM Vital Records and Health Statistics
Heart Disease Death Rates

Rates have been age-adjusted to the standard U.S. 2000 population
Source: NM Vital Records and Health Statistics; CDC WONDER
Heart Disease Death Rates by Race/Ethnicity
New Mexico, 2015

- American Indian, Alaska Native: 106.6
- Asian, Pacific Islander: 54.7
- Black, African American: 208.2
- Hispanic: 138.3
- White: 146.3

Deaths per 100,000 Population

Rates have been age-adjusted to the standard U.S. 2000 population
Source: NM Vital Records and Health Statistics
Heart Disease Death Rates by Health Region
New Mexico, 2015

Deaths per 100,000 Population

Northwest Region: 128.2
Northeast Region: 129.1
Metro Region: 135.9
Southeast Region: 167.4
Southwest Region: 151.4

Rates have been age-adjusted to the standard U.S. 2000 population
Source: NM Vital Records and Health Statistics
Heart Disease Death Rates by Urban and Rural Counties
New Mexico, 2013-2015

- Rural Counties: 162.6 deaths per 100,000 population
- Mixed Urban/Rural Counties: 160.1 deaths per 100,000 population
- Small Metro Counties: 126.8 deaths per 100,000 population
- Metropolitan Counties: 136.3 deaths per 100,000 population

Rates have been age-adjusted to the standard U.S. 2000 population
Source: NM Vital Records and Health Statistics
Cancer Death Rates

Rates have been age-adjusted to the standard U.S. 2000 population
Source: NM Vital Records and Health Statistics; CDC Wonder
Cancer Death Rates by Race/Ethnicity
New Mexico, 2015

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Race/Ethnicity</th>
<th>Deaths per 100,000 Population</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>American Indian, Alaska Native</td>
<td>111.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Asian, Pacific Islander</td>
<td>110.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Black, African American</td>
<td>132.8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hispanic</td>
<td>133.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>White</td>
<td>152.2</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Rates have been age-adjusted to the standard U.S. 2000 population
Source: NM Vital Records and Health Statistics
Cancer Death Rates by Health Region

New Mexico, 2015

Deaths per 100,000 Population

Northwest Region: 143.7
Northeast Region: 133.5
Metro Region: 142.0
Southeast Region: 138.5
Southwest Region: 152.8

Rates have been age-adjusted to the standard U.S. 2000 population
Source: NM Vital Records and Health Statistics
Cancer Death Rates by Urban and Rural Counties
New Mexico, 2013-2015

- Rural Counties: 157.9
- Mixed Urban/Rural Counties: 144.1
- Small Metro Counties: 136.0
- Metropolitan Counties: 142.4

Deaths per 100,000 Population

Rates have been age-adjusted to the standard U.S. 2000 population
Source: NM Vital Records and Health Statistics
Chronic Lower Respiratory Disease
Death Rates by Health Region
New Mexico, 2015

Rates have been age-adjusted to the standard U.S. 2000 population
Source: NM Vital Records and Health Statistics
Chronic Lower Respiratory Disease Death Rates by Urban and Rural Counties
New Mexico, 2012-2014

- Rural Counties: 63.0
- Mixed Urban/Rural Counties: 52.9
- Small Metro Counties: 35.0
- Metropolitan Counties: 44.9

Deaths per 100,000 Population

Rates have been age-adjusted to the standard U.S. 2000 population
Source: NM Vital Records and Health Statistics
Cerebrovascular Disease Death Rates by Health Region
New Mexico, 2015

Deaths per 100,000 Population

- Northwest Region: 33.4
- Northeast Region: 37.2
- Metro Region: 34.0
- Southeast Region: 28.3
- Southwest Region: 27.8

Rates have been age-adjusted to the standard U.S. 2000 population
Source: NM Vital Records and Health Statistics
Chronic Lower Respiratory Disease Death Rates by Urban and Rural Counties
New Mexico, 2013-2015

Rates have been age-adjusted to the standard U.S. 2000 population
Source: NM Vital Records and Health Statistics
Diabetes Disease Death Rates by Health Region

New Mexico, 2015

Deaths per 100,000 Population

- Northwest Region: 40.0
- Northeast Region: 23.0
- Metro Region: 19.2
- Southeast Region: 37.8
- Southwest Region: 21.4

Rates have been age-adjusted to the standard U.S. 2000 population
Source: NM Vital Records and Health Statistics
Diabetes Disease Death Rates by Urban and Rural Counties

New Mexico, 2013-2015

- Rural Counties: 34.2 deaths per 100,000 population
- Mixed Urban/Rural Counties: 33.5 deaths per 100,000 population
- Small Metro Counties: 22.0 deaths per 100,000 population
- Metropolitan Counties: 22.7 deaths per 100,000 population

Deaths per 100,000 Population

Rates have been age-adjusted to the standard U.S. 2000 population
Source: NM Vital Records and Health Statistics
Injury Death Rates

Rates have been age-adjusted to the standard U.S. 2000 population
Source: NM Vital Records and Health Statistics; CDC  WISQARS
Suicide Rates

Rates have been age-adjusted to the standard U.S. 2000 population
Source: NM Vital Records and Health Statistics; CDC WONDER
Suicide Rates by Age,
New Mexico, 2015

Rate per 100,000 population

Age

<15 15-24 25-34 35-44 45-54 55-64 65-74 75-84 85+

0.0 1.4 26.2 29.8 30.6 33.5 28.5 24.9 37.0 20.5

Source: NM Vital Records and Health Statistics
Suicide Rates by Urban and Rural Counties
New Mexico, 2013-2015

Rural Counties: 31.7
Mixed Urban/Rural Counties: 22.6
Small Metro Counties: 19.3
Metropolitan Counties: 21.6

Deaths per 100,000 Population

Rates have been age-adjusted to the standard U.S. 2000 population
Source: NM Vital Records and Health Statistics
Youth (15-19) Suicide Rates

Deaths per 100,000 Population

Source: NM Vital Records and Health Statistics; CDC WONDER
Youth (15-19) Suicide Rates by Health Region
New Mexico, 2011-2015

Deaths per 100,000 Population

Source: NM Vital Records and Health Statistics
Unintentional Injury Death Rates

Rates have been age-adjusted to the standard U.S. 2000 population
Source: NM Vital Records and Health Statistics; CDC WONDER
Unintentional Injury Death Rates by Race/Ethnicity
New Mexico, 2015

- American Indian, Alaska Native: 107.5
- Asian, Pacific Islander: 23.0
- Black, African American: 52.8
- Hispanic: 64.3
- White: 57.6

Deaths per 100,000 Population

Rates have been age-adjusted to the standard U.S. 2000 population
Source: NM Vital Records and Health Statistics
Unintentional Injury Death Rates by Health Region
New Mexico, 2015

Rates have been age-adjusted to the standard U.S. 2000 population
Source: NM Vital Records and Health Statistics
Unintentional Injury Death Rates by Urban and Rural Counties
New Mexico, 2013-2015

Rates have been age-adjusted to the standard U.S. 2000 population
Source: NM Vital Records and Health Statistics
Fall-Related Death Rates Among Older Adults by Age Group
New Mexico, 2004-2015

Source: NM Bureau of Vital Records and Health Statistics
Fall-Related Death Rates Among Older Adults 65+ by Race/Ethnicity
New Mexico, 2011-2015

Deaths per 100,000 Population

- American Indian, Alaska Native: 63.0
- Asian, Pacific Islander: 29.6
- Black, African American: 34.0
- Hispanic: 76.4
- White: 101.9

Source: NM Vital Records and Health Statistics
Fall-Related Death Rates Among Older Adults 65+ by Health Region

New Mexico, 2011-2015

Source: NM Vital Records and Health Statistics
Fall-Related Death Rates Among Older Adults 65+ by Urban and Rural Counties
New Mexico, 2013-2015

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Category</th>
<th>Deaths per 100,000 Population</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Rural Counties</td>
<td>81.3</td>
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<tr>
<td>Mixed Urban/Rural Counties</td>
<td>75.0</td>
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<tr>
<td>Small Metro Counties</td>
<td>92.8</td>
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<tr>
<td>Metropolitan Counties</td>
<td>105.5</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Source: NM Vital Records and Health Statistics
Firearm Injury Death Rates

Rates have been age-adjusted to the standard U.S. 2000 population
Source: NM Vital Records and Health Statistics; CDC WONDER
Firearm Injury Death Rates by Race/Ethnicity
New Mexico, 2015

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Race/Ethnicity</th>
<th>Deaths per 100,000 Population</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>American Indian, Alaska Native</td>
<td>9.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Asian, Pacific Islander</td>
<td>8.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Black, African American</td>
<td>14.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hispanic</td>
<td>14.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>White</td>
<td>24.2</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Rates have been age-adjusted to the standard U.S. 2000 population
Source: NM Vital Records and Health Statistics
Firearm Injury Death Rates by Health Region
New Mexico, 2015

Rates have been age-adjusted to the standard U.S. 2000 population
Source: NM Vital Records and Health Statistics
Firearm Injury Death Rates by Urban and Rural Counties
New Mexico, 2015

- Rural Counties: 28.6
- Mixed Urban/Rural Counties: 22.7
- Small Metro Counties: 12.8
- Metropolitan Counties: 17.2

Deaths per 100,000 Population

Rates have been age-adjusted to the standard U.S. 2000 population
Source: NM Vital Records and Health Statistics
Chronic Liver Disease Death Rates
New Mexico and U.S., 2000-2015

Rates have been age-adjusted to the standard U.S. 2000 population
Source: NM Vital Records and Health Statistics; CDC WONDER
Chronic Liver Disease Death Rates by Race/Ethnicity
New Mexico, 2011-2015

Rates have been age-adjusted to the standard U.S. 2000 population
Source: NM Vital Records and Health Statistics
Chronic Liver Disease Deaths by Health Region
New Mexico, 2015

Deaths per 100,000 Population

Northwest Region: 45.5
Northeast Region: 32.4
Metro Region: 20.0
Southeast Region: 21.7
Southwest Region: 19.1

Rates have been age-adjusted to the standard U.S. 2000 population
Source: NM Vital Records and Health Statistics
Chronic Liver Disease Death Rates by Urban and Rural Counties
New Mexico, 2015

- Rural Counties: 23.8
- Mixed Urban/Rural Counties: 34.4
- Small Metro Counties: 22.4
- Metropolitan Counties: 19.6

Rates have been age-adjusted to the standard U.S. 2000 population
Source: NM Vital Records and Health Statistics
Smoking-attributable, Alcohol-attributable, and Drug Overdose Death Rates\textsuperscript{1}, New Mexico and US, Various Years

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Death Rate</th>
<th>New Mexico</th>
<th>U.S.</th>
<th>Rate Ratio</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Smoking-attributable death rate\textsuperscript{2}</td>
<td>95.6</td>
<td>124.0</td>
<td>0.8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Alcohol-attributable death rate\textsuperscript{3}</td>
<td>65.7</td>
<td>29.8</td>
<td>2.2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Drug overdose death rate\textsuperscript{4}</td>
<td>24.8</td>
<td>14.7</td>
<td>1.7</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

\textsuperscript{1}Rates are deaths per 100,000 population, age-adjusted to the 2000 U.S. standard population
\textsuperscript{3}Alcohol-Related Disease Impact (ARDI), nccd.cdc.gov/DPH_ARDIDI/default/default.aspx, 2015 for NM and 2014 for US
\textsuperscript{4}Defined as International Classification of Diseases, tenth revision (ICD-10) codes X40-X44, X60-X64, X85, and Y10-Y14, 2015 for NM and 2014 for US
Alcohol-Attributable Death Rates

Data Sources: NCHS (US); NMDOH BVRHS; UNM-GPS; IEBE SAES; CDC ARDI
Rates are age-adjusted to the 2000 U.S. standard population
Source: NCHS (US); NMDOH BVRHS (NM); CDC ARDI v. 2
Alcohol-Attributable Death Rates by Region
New Mexico, 2011-2015

Data Sources: NMDOH BVRHS; UNM-GPS; IBEB SAES; CDC ARDI
Rates are age-adjusted to the 2000 U.S. standard population
Alcohol-Attributable Death Rates by Rural/Urban, New Mexico, 2011-2015

Data Sources: NMDOH BVRHS and IBEB SAE; CDC ARDI
Rates are age-adjusted to the 2000 U.S. standard population
Drug Overdose Death Rates

Rates are age-adjusted to the 2000 US Standard Population
ICD-10 codes include X40-X44, X60-X64, X85, and Y10-Y14
Source: CDC Wonder and NM Bureau of Vital Records and Health Statistics
Drug Overdose Death Rates by Region
New Mexico, 2011-2015

Data Sources: NMDOH BVRHS; UNM-GPS; IBEB SAES
Rates are age-adjusted to the 2000 U.S. standard population
Drug Overdose Death Rates by Rural/Urban Categories, New Mexico, 2011-2015

- Metropolitan: 26.0 deaths per 100,000 population
- Small Metropolitan: 22.1 deaths per 100,000 population
- Mixed Urban-Rural: 24.3 deaths per 100,000 population
- Rural: 30.5 deaths per 100,000 population
- New Mexico: 24.7 deaths per 100,000 population

Data Sources: NMDOH BVRHS and IBEB SAE; Rates are age-adjusted to the 2000 U.S. standard population.
Teen Birth Rates by Census Tract Poverty Level*
New Mexico, 2009-2013

*Poverty level is the percentage of persons of all ages in the decedent’s census tract living at or below 100% of Poverty.
Source: NM Vital Records and Health Statistics, U.S. Bureau of the Census, American Community Survey
Percentage with Prenatal Care in the First Trimester by Census Tract Poverty Level*

New Mexico, 2011-2013

*Poverty level is the percentage of persons of all ages in the mother’s census tract living at or below 100% of Poverty.
Source: NM Vital Records and Health Statistics, U.S. Bureau of the Census, American Community Survey
Percentage of Births that were Pre-Term (less than 37 weeks) by Census Tract Poverty Level*

New Mexico, 2011-2013

*Poverty level is the percentage of persons of all ages in the mother’s census tract living at or below 100% of Poverty.

Source: NM Vital Records and Health Statistics, U.S. Bureau of the Census, American Community Survey
Total Death Rates by Census Tract Poverty Level*
New Mexico, 2009-2013

*Poverty level is the percentage of persons of all ages in the decedent’s census tract living at or below 100% of Poverty. Rates have been age-adjusted to the standard U.S. 2000 population. Source: NM Vital Records and Health Statistics, U.S. Bureau of the Census, American Community Survey.
Infant Mortality by Census Tract Poverty Level*
New Mexico, 2009-2013

Deaths per 1,000 live births

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Poverty Level</th>
<th>Deaths per 1,000 live births</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Less than 5%</td>
<td>4.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5 - 9.9%</td>
<td>5.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10 - 19.9%</td>
<td>5.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20 - 29.9%</td>
<td>5.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>30% - 39.9%</td>
<td>6.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>40% or more</td>
<td>6.5</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Poverty level is the percentage of persons of all ages in the decedent’s census tract living at or below 100% of Poverty.
Source: NM Vital Records and Health Statistics, U.S. Bureau of the Census, American Community Survey
Malignant Neoplasm Death Rates by Census Tract Poverty Level*
New Mexico, 2009-2013

*Poverty level is the percentage of persons of all ages in the decedent’s census tract living at or below 100% of Poverty. Malignant neoplasms are defined by ICD 10 C00- C97
Rates have been age-adjusted to the standard U.S. 2000 population.
Source: NM Vital Records and Health Statistics, U.S. Bureau of the Census, American Community Survey
Heart Disease Death Rates by Census Tract Poverty Level*

New Mexico, 2009-2013

Deaths per 100,000 Population

*Poverty level is the percentage of persons of all ages in the decedent’s census tract living at or below 100% of Poverty. Heart disease deaths are defined by ICD10: I00-I09, I11, I13, I20-I51
Rates have been age-adjusted to the standard U.S. 2000 population.
Source: NM Vital Records and Health Statistics, U.S. Bureau of the Census, American Community Survey
Unintentional Injury Death Rates by Census Tract Poverty Level*
New Mexico, 2009-2013

*Poverty level is the percentage of persons of all ages in the decedent’s census tract living at or below 100% of Poverty. Unintentional injury deaths are defined by ICD10: V01-X59, Y85-Y86
Rates have been age-adjusted to the standard U.S. 2000 population.
Source: NM Vital Records and Health Statistics, U.S. Bureau of the Census, American Community Survey
All Injury Death Rates
by Census Tract Poverty Level*
New Mexico, 2009-2013

*Poverty level is the percentage of persons of all ages in the decedent’s census tract living at or below 100% of Poverty. Injury deaths are defined by (ICD10: X85-Y09, Y87.1, *U01-*U02), Injury, Complications of medical and surgical care (ICD10: Y40-Y84, Y88), Injury, Intentional self-harm (suicide) (ICD10: X60-X84, Y87.0, *U03), Injury, Legal intervention (ICD10: Y35, Y89.0), Injury, Operations of war and their sequelae (ICD10: Y36, Y89.1), Injury, Unintentional injuries (ICD10: V01-X59, Y85-Y86) Rates have been age-adjusted to the standard U.S. 2000 population. Source: NM Vital Records and Health Statistics, U.S. Bureau of the Census, American Community Survey
Cerebrovascular Disease Death Rates by Census Tract Poverty Level*
New Mexico, 2009-2013

*Poverty level is the percentage of persons of all ages in the decedent’s census tract living at or below 100% of Poverty. Cerebrovascular disease deaths are defined by ICD10: I60-I69
Rates have been age-adjusted to the standard U.S. 2000 population.
Source: NM Vital Records and Health Statistics, U.S. Bureau of the Census, American Community Survey
Chronic Lower Respiratory Disease Death Rates by Census Tract Poverty Level*
New Mexico, 2009-2013

*Poverty level is the percentage of persons of all ages in the decedent’s census tract living at or below 100% of Poverty. Chronic lower respiratory disease deaths are defined by ICD10: J40-J47
Rates have been age-adjusted to the standard U.S. 2000 population.
Source: NM Vital Records and Health Statistics, U.S. Bureau of the Census, American Community Survey
Chronic Liver Disease and Cirrhosis Death Rates by Census Tract Poverty Level*
New Mexico, 2009-2013

*Poverty level is the percentage of persons of all ages in the decedent’s census tract living at or below 100% of Poverty. Chronic liver disease and cirrhosis deaths are defined by ICD10: K70, K73-K74
Rates have been age-adjusted to the standard U.S. 2000 population.
Source: NM Vital Records and Health Statistics, U.S. Bureau of the Census, American Community Survey
Diabetes Mellitus Death Rates by Census Tract Poverty Level*
New Mexico, 2009-2013

*Poverty level is the percentage of persons of all ages in the decedent’s census tract living at or below 100% of Poverty. Diabetes mellitus deaths are defined by ICD10: E10-E14.
Rates have been age-adjusted to the standard U.S. 2000 population.
Source: NM Vital Records and Health Statistics, U.S. Bureau of the Census, American Community Survey
Alcohol Related Death Rates by Census Tract Poverty Level*
New Mexico, 2009-2013

*Poverty level is the percentage of persons of all ages in the decedent’s census tract living at or below 100% of Poverty. Alcohol related deaths are defined by ICD10: Alcohol-related deaths include deaths that are partially attributable to alcohol as well as 100% attributable alcohol-induced deaths. For more information, visit the CDC Alcohol-related Disease Impact (ARDI) software page: http://www.cdc.gov/alcohol/ardi.htm
Rates have been age-adjusted to the standard U.S. 2000 population.
Source: NM Vital Records and Health Statistics, U.S. Bureau of the Census, American Community Survey
Drug Overdose Death Rates by Census Tract Poverty Level*
New Mexico, 2009-2013

*Poverty level is the percentage of persons of all ages in the decedent’s census tract living at or below 100% of Poverty. Drug Overdose deaths are defined by ICD 10: X40-X44, X60-X64, X85, Y10-Y14. Rates have been age-adjusted to the standard U.S. 2000 population. Source: NM Vital Records and Health Statistics, U.S. Bureau of the Census, American Community Survey.
Suicide Rates by Census Tract Poverty Level*
New Mexico, 2009-2013

Deaths per 100,000 Population

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Poverty Level</th>
<th>Deaths</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Less than 5%</td>
<td>15.2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5 - 9.9%</td>
<td>19.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10 - 19.9%</td>
<td>20.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20 - 29.9%</td>
<td>20.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>30% - 39.9%</td>
<td>21.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>40% or more</td>
<td>17.7</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Poverty level is the percentage of persons of all ages in the decedent’s census tract living at or below 100% of Poverty. Suicide deaths are defined by ICD 10: X60-X84, Y87.0, *U03.
Rates have been age-adjusted to the standard U.S. 2000 population.
Source: NM Vital Records and Health Statistics, U.S. Bureau of the Census, American Community Survey
Youth (Ages 15-19) Suicide Rates by Census Tract Poverty Level*
New Mexico, 2009-2013

Deaths per 100,000 Population

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Poverty Level</th>
<th>Deaths per 100,000 Population</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Less than 5%</td>
<td>20.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5 - 9.9%</td>
<td>15.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10 - 19.9%</td>
<td>15.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20 - 29.9%</td>
<td>15.8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>30% - 39.9%</td>
<td>20.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>40% or more</td>
<td>16.3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Poverty level is the percentage of persons of all ages in the decedent’s census tract living at or below 100% of Poverty. Suicide deaths are defined by ICD 10: X60-X84, Y87.0, *U03. Rates have been age-adjusted to the standard U.S. 2000 population. Source: NM Vital Records and Health Statistics, U.S. Bureau of the Census, American Community Survey
Older (Age 65+) Adult Fall Death Rates by Census Tract Poverty Level*
New Mexico, 2009-2013

*Poverty level is the percentage of persons of all ages in the decedent’s census tract living at or below 100% of Poverty. Older adult fall deaths are defined by ICD10 external cause of injury codes retrieved from http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/data/ice/icd10_transcode.pdf
Source: NM Vital Records and Health Statistics, U.S. Bureau of the Census, American Community Survey
Infectious Disease Death Rates by Census Tract Poverty Level*
New Mexico, 2009-2013

Deaths per 100,000 Population

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Poverty Level</th>
<th>Deaths per 100,000 Population</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Less than 5%</td>
<td>11.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5 - 9.9%</td>
<td>16.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10 - 19.9%</td>
<td>18.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20 - 29.9%</td>
<td>23.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>30% - 39.9%</td>
<td>31.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>40% or more</td>
<td>26.8</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Poverty level is the percentage of persons of all ages in the decedent’s census tract living at or below 100% of Poverty.

Rates have been age-adjusted to the standard U.S. 2000 population. Infectious Disease Include: Human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) disease (ICD10: B20-B24), Malaria (ICD10: B50-B54), Measles (ICD10: B05), Meningitis (ICD10: G00, G03), Meningococcal infection (ICD10: A39), Respiratory, Bronchitis and bronchiolitis, acute (ICD10: J20-J21), Respiratory, Influenza and pneumonia (ICD10: J09-J18), Scarlet fever and erysipelas (ICD10: A38, A46), Shigellosis and amebiasis (ICD10: A03, A06), Syphilis (ICD10: A50-A53), Tuberculosis (ICD10: A16-A19), Viral hepatitis (ICD10: B15-B19), Whooping cough (ICD10: A37)

Source: NM Vital Records and Health Statistics, U.S. Bureau of the Census, American Community Survey
**Septicemia Death Rates**

*by Poverty Census Tract Poverty Level*

New Mexico, 2009-2013

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Poverty Level</th>
<th>Deaths per 100,000 Population</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Less than 5%</td>
<td>7.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5 - 9.9%</td>
<td>7.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10 - 19.9%</td>
<td>8.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20 - 29.9%</td>
<td>10.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>30% - 39.9%</td>
<td>11.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>40% or more</td>
<td>10.4</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Poverty level is the percentage of persons of all ages in the decedent’s census tract living at or below 100% of Poverty. Rates have been age-adjusted to the standard U.S. 2000 population. Septicemia deaths are defined by ICD10 codes: A40-A41. Source: NM Vital Records and Health Statistics, U.S. Bureau of the Census, American Community Survey*
Influenza and Pneumonia Death Rates by Census Tract Poverty Level*
New Mexico, 2009-2013

Deaths per 100,000 Population

- Less than 5%: 8.4
- 5 - 9.9%: 13.3
- 10 - 19.9%: 13.4
- 20 - 29.9%: 16.2
- 30% - 39.9%: 20.6
- 40% or more: 19.8

*Poverty level is the percentage of persons of all ages in the decedent’s census tract living at or below 100% of Poverty. Rates have been age-adjusted to the standard U.S. 2000 population. Influenza and Pneumonia deaths are defined by ICD10 codes: J09-J18. Source: NM Vital Records and Health Statistics, U.S. Bureau of the Census, American Community Survey.
Firearm Injury Death Rates by Census Tract Poverty Level*
New Mexico, 2009-2013

*Poverty level is the percentage of persons of all ages in the decedent’s census tract living at or below 100% of Poverty. Rates have been age-adjusted to the standard U.S. 2000 population. Firearm deaths are defined by ICD10 external cause of injury codes retrieved from http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/data/ice/icd10_transcode.pdf Source: NM Vital Records and Health Statistics, U.S. Bureau of the Census, American Community Survey
Life Expectancy from Birth by Census Tract Poverty Level*

New Mexico, 2009-2013

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Poverty Level</th>
<th>Life Expectancy in Birth</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Less than 5%</td>
<td>82.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5 - 9.9%</td>
<td>80.6</td>
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<tr>
<td>10 - 19.9%</td>
<td>79.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20 - 29.9%</td>
<td>77.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>30% - 39.9%</td>
<td>75.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>40% or more</td>
<td>77.1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Poverty level is the percentage of persons of all ages in the decedent’s census tract living at or below 100% of Poverty.
Rates have been age-adjusted to the standard U.S. 2000 population.
Life expectancy calculated by methods retrieved from: http://ibis.health.state.nm.us/resources/LifeExp.html.
Years of Potential Life Lost (YPLL) Before Age 75, New Mexico, 2015

Source: NM Vital Records and Health Statistics.

- Unintentional Injury
- Malignant Neoplasm
- Heart Disease
- Suicide
- Liver Disease
- Homicide
- Diabetes Mellitus
- Congenital Anomalies
- Chronic Low. Respiratory Disease
- Perinatal Period
- All Others

All Causes: 168,650 years
Conclusions

• Health status is strongly inversely associated with poverty at the community level
• Exceptions to this include suicide, older adult falls deaths, and Alzheimer’s disease deaths
• Indicators with greater than twice the risk for persons living in high poverty areas include: teen birth, deaths due to chronic liver disease, diabetes, alcohol, infectious disease, and influenza and pneumonia
Conclusions

• In general, chronic disease mortality rates continue to decrease in New Mexico
• In general, injury and substance abuse death rates are stable or increasing
• Vaccination continues to reduce infectious disease rates and disparities
• The infant mortality rate reduction in NM is a major success but disparities remain
• Geographic, particularly unfavorable to rural areas, socioeconomic and racial/ethnic disparities persist in NM
NM Health Status Resources

- NM IBIS (Indicator Based Information System) – http://ibis.health.state.nm.us
- NM Environmental Public Health Tracking System – https://nmtracking.unm.edu
- NM DOH health status presentations